Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report **Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii**Year ended June 30, 2006

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

The management of the Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii (Corporation) offers readers of the Corporation's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of their financial activities for the fiscal year ended (FYE) June 30, 2006. This document should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements.

Introduction

The Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii is a housing authority, established by the State Legislature effective July 1, 1988. The Corporation consolidated the former Hawaii Housing Authority, the Housing Finance and Development Corporation, and the Rental Housing Trust Fund Commission.

The Corporation administers the following major programs:

- Federal and State public housing programs
- Federal and State rent subsidy programs
- Homeless programs
- Development programs
- Financing programs to facilitate affordable housing development
- Financing programs to assist first-time homebuyers

The Corporation is responsible for the administration of over 5,300 federal public housing units in Hawaii, with funds received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Corporation also administers the HUD Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments – Special Allocations Program, through a subcontract with the Bremerton (Washington) Housing Authority.

The Corporation has received authority from the State of Hawaii (State) to assist in the delivery of affordable rental housing throughout the State on a cost-effective basis, through the financing and/or refinancing of rental housing projects developed or acquired by the Corporation.

In addition, the Corporation administers a rental assistance program that subsidizes rental payments to persons and families with incomes that do not exceed 80% of the area median income. The Corporation also provides incentives, through tax credits, to developers and owners of private rental housing projects where the monthly rents are affordable to tenants with incomes of 60% or lower of the area median income.

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June 30, 2006

The Corporation is administratively attached to the State Department of Human Services. The Corporation's Board of Directors consists of nine members, six of whom are public members appointed by the Governor, and confirmed by the Senate of the State of Hawaii. Public members shall be appointed from each of the counties of Honolulu, Hawaii, Maui and Kauai. At least one public member shall be a person who is assisted under the federal low-rent public housing or federal section 8 tenant-based housing assistance payments program. The Director of Business, Economic Development and Tourism; the Director of Human Services; and the Governor's Senior Policy Advisor are ex-officio voting members. All Corporation action is taken by the affirmative vote of at least five members.

Financial Highlights

- The Corporation's total assets decreased by \$65.0 million (or 5.7%) to \$1,081.2 million as compared to \$1,146.2 million in the previous year. The decrease resulted primarily from the use of assets held by trustee for the early bond redemptions of \$67.7 million in the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond program. Through the issuance of revenue bonds, the Corporation provides eligible borrowers with mortgage loans at below market interest rates. The revenue bonds may also be redeemed without premium prior to maturity, at the option of the Corporation, as funds become available from un-disbursed bond proceeds, principal payments and prepayments of mortgages, excess mounts in the debt service reserve account or excess revenues (as described in the bond indentures).
- Total government-wide revenues and expenses were \$160.2 million and \$148.8 million, respectively, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$11.4 million during the fiscal year. The net assets of the Business-type activities increased by \$4.7 million and the net assets of the Governmental activities increased by \$6.7 million.
- At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the Corporation's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15.1 million, an increase of \$8.8 million from the prior year. The increase is due primarily to increases of State allotted appropriations of \$8.1 million for the General Funds and \$3.7 million for the State Capital Projects Fund. The General Funds experienced a corresponding increase in expenditures of \$2.1 million from the prior year for an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$6.0 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the financial statements of the Corporation. The financial statements consists of four parts: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis; (2) the basic financial statements; (3) related notes to the financial statements and (4) other required supplementary information. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Corporation:

- The first two statements are Corporation-wide financial statements that provide information about the Corporation's overall financial position and results of operations. These statements, which are presented on an accrual basis of accounting, consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements of the Corporation's overall governmental funds, for which activities are funded primarily from appropriations from the State or by contributions from HUD, and the Corporation's major and non-major proprietary funds, which operate similar to business activities. The governmental funds are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary and the fiduciary funds are presented on an accrual basis of accounting.
- The basic financial statements also include a "Notes to Financial Statements" section that explains some of the information in the Government-wide and the Fund financial statements and provides more detailed data.
- The "Notes to Financial Statements" are followed by a "Supplementary Information" section, which presents a budgetary comparison schedule, which is required supplementary information, and information on non-major funds, which is not required.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Corporation as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The statement of net assets provides both short-term and long-term information about the Corporation's financial position,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

which assists in assessing the Corporation's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. All of the current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. Most of the Corporation's activities are business-type activities and are reported in its proprietary funds. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

- The *statement of net assets* presents all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets." Over time, increases and decreases in the Corporation's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information indicating how the Corporation's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year.

The government-wide financial statements of the Corporation are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are primarily supported by State appropriations or by HUD contributions.
- Business-type activities These functions normally are intended to recover all or a significant
 portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Corporation's most significant funds and not the Corporation as a whole. The financial activities of the Corporation are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are either reported as a major fund or a non-major fund. In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements — Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments, which sets forth the minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The Corporation was required to implement these standards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the combining section of the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

The Corporation has three types of funds:

• Governmental Funds:

- O Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.
- O Governmental fund financial statements help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Corporation's programs.
- O The focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, therefore it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision.
- O Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds:

- O Enterprise Funds are used to account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing services to customers.
- O Internal Service Funds are used by the Corporation to account for its central equipment and vehicles.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Fiduciary Funds:

O Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Corporation's own programs.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule, which includes a reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purpose and the fund balance for the major governmental funds as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. This management's discussion and analysis is also required supplementary information that is required to be presented preceding the financial statements.

Other information

The combining statements, which include non-major funds, governmental, enterprise and internal service funds are presented as other information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the *statement of net assets* presents all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, changes in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the Corporation's financial position. As indicated below, as of June 30, 2006, the Corporation's total net asset balance was \$617.2 million, an increase of \$11.4 million (or 1.9%) from the previous year.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005 (In thousand of dollars)

	Govern Activ		Busi Activ		Tol	tal	Total Percentage Change
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006-2005
Current assets Assets held by trustee Capital assets Other assets	\$ 22,359 - 39,075	\$ 11,800 - 41,195	\$ 229,679 329,550 354,443 106,089	\$ 219,227 413,792 358,591 101,562	\$ 252,037 329,550 393,518 106,089	\$ 231,027 413,792 399,786 101,562	9.1% -20.4% -1.6% 4.5%
Total assets	\$ 61,434	\$ 52,995	\$ 1,019,761	\$1,093,172	\$1,081,194	\$1,146,167	-5.7%
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 7,600	\$ 5,860	\$ 65,984 390,376	\$ 106,882 427,630	\$ 73,583 390,376	112,742 427,630	-34.7% -8.7%
Total liabilities	7,600	5,860	456,360	534,512	463,959	540,372	-14.1%
Net assets Invested in capital assets							
net of related debt	39, 075	41,195	245,803	247,728	284,878	288,923	-1.4%
Restricted	-	-	338,056	421,248	338,056	421,248	-19.7%
Unrestricted	14,759	5,940	(20,458)	(110,316)	(5,699)	(104,376)	94.5%
Total net assets	53,834	47,135	563,401	558,660	617,235	605,795	1.9%
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 61,434	\$ 52,995	\$ 1,019,761	\$1,093,172	\$1,081,194	\$1,146,167	-5.7%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of this balance is attributed to approximately \$268.4 million of assets held by trustees under the Single Family Revenue Bond Fund. The Revenue Bond Funds trust indentures require cash and investments be held by a trustee.

Investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt." At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, unrestricted net assets reflected a deficit balance. This is primarily due to the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Fund's revenue bonds payable balances of \$233.6 million. The assets that support these liabilities are the assets held by trustees, which are reflected as restricted net assets.

The decrease in long-term liabilities of \$37.2 million (or 8.7%) is primarily due to the redemptions of revenue bonds in fiscal year 2006. The long-term revenue bonds payable balance decreased by \$36.8 million (or 8.8%).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

The statement of activities presents information indicating how the Corporation's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Government-Wide Statement of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005 (In thousand of dollars)

Total

	Govern Activ			siness ivities	To	ota l	Percentage Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006-2005	
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,194	\$ 86,289	\$ 72,194	\$ 86,289	-16.3%	
Operating grants and contributions	37,208	37,717	18,439	29,290	55,647	67,007	-16,9%	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	12,533	22,355	12,533	22,355	-34.6%	
General revenues: State allotted appropriations, net of lapses	19,853	7,726	-	-	19,853	7,726	157.0%	
Total revenues	57,061	45,443	103,166	137,934	160,227	183,377	-12.6%	
Expenses								
Governmental activities Homeless services and assistance program	8,045	2,889	÷	-	8,045	2,889	178.5%	
Rental housing and assistance program	40,142	43,458	-	-	40,142	43,458	-7.6%	
Business-type activities								
Rental assistance program	-	-	47,120	43,061	47,120	43,061	9.4%	
Housing development program	-	-	5,353	31,987	5,353	31,987	-83.3%	
Multi-family mortgage loan programs	-	-	3,279	2,996	3,279	2,996	9.4%	
Single-family mortgage loan program	-	-	15,849	21,213	15,849	21,213	-25.3%	
Rental housing program	-	-	23,824	23,379	23,824	23,379	1.9%	
Others			5,149	4,699	5,149	4,699	11.1%	
Total government-wide expenses	48,187	46,347	100,574	127,335	148,761	173,682	-14.3%	
Excess of revenues over expenses	8,874	(904)	2,592	10,599	11,466	9,695	18.3%	
Transfers	(2,175)	(1,187)	2,149	1,178	(26)	(9)	-188.9%	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	6,699	(2,091)	4,741	11,777	11,440	9,686	18.1%	
Total net assets, beginning of year	47,135	49,226	558,660	546,883	605,795	596,109	1.6%	
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 53,834	\$ 47,135	\$563,401	\$ 558,660	\$617,235	\$605,795	1.9%	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Governmental Activities

Total net assets of the governmental activities were \$53.8 million at June 30, 2006, an increase of \$6.7 million from the previous year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- State allotted appropriations increased \$12.1 million from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in appropriations to the General Funds of \$8.1 million and an increase in appropriations to the State Capital Projects Fund of \$3.7 million
- Expenses for the Homeless services and assistance program increased \$5.2 million from the prior year.

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the Corporation's business-type activities were primarily from charges for services, program investment income and federal assistance program funds. Charges for services consist primarily of rental income and interest income on loans related to the Corporation's lending programs. The majority of the program investment income is from income earned within the Corporation's bond funds and is restricted to those funds.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, business-type activities increased the Corporation's net assets by \$4.7 million. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$9.8 million primarily due to a decrease in HUD Capital grants received.
- The Rental Housing Trust Fund recognized an increase in net assets of \$18.8 million, primarily due to the influx of \$17.0 million of conveyance tax transfers.
- The Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund had an increase in net assets of \$3.3 million primarily due to the \$1.2 million net gain on the sale of land and units and an operating transfer in of funds of \$1.1 million.
- The Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund incurred a decrease in mortgage-backed securities of \$10.1 million which resulted in a decrease in net assets of \$7.0 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Financial Analysis of the Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Corporation, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirement.

Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2006, the Corporation's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15.1 million, an increase of \$8.8 million in comparison to the combined fund balance of \$6.3 at June 30, 2005. The increase was primarily due to the following:

- The State Capital Improvement Projects Fund recognized an increase in fund balance of \$3.9 million. During the current year, the fund received \$4.9 million of State allotted appropriations for capital projects, expended \$0.7 million for capital outlays and transferred out \$0.3 million.
- The fund balance of the *General Funds* increased \$5.8 million. This was primarily due to an increase in State allotted appropriations of \$8.1 million and an increase in homeless services expenditures of \$2.0 million.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund consists of four major and several non-major funds. The four major funds are: 1) Federal Low Rent Program, 2) Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund, 3) Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund and 4) Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund.

- Under the Federal Low Rent Program, the Corporation administers the operations of over 5,300 federal public housing units. HUD provides the Corporation with funds to operate, repair and maintain the public housing inventory. During fiscal year 2006, the Corporation received \$25.7 million of HUD operating subsidies and grants, a decrease of \$7.7 million from the prior year. The decrease was due primarily to a decrease in revenues attributed to the federal capital grant program.
- The Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund accounts for State funds used for acquiring, developing, selling, leasing and renting residential, commercial and industrial properties, providing

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

mortgage and interim financing, which generates rental income, sales proceeds and interest earnings from the financing and investment of such funds. Net assets increased by \$3.3 million during the current year. The increase in net assets is primarily due to the sales of land and units which resulted in a net gain of \$1.2 million and a net operating transfer in of funds of \$1.1 million.

- The Flawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund accounts for special funds for housing projects or systems of housing projects financed from proceeds of bonds secured under the same trust indenture. The fund accounts for six multifamily rental housing projects located throughout the State. Net assets increased by \$0.1 million during the current year.
- The Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund accounts for the proceeds from the issuance of bonds used to make below-market interest rate mortgage loans and the repayment, interest, and earnings from such loans and investment of such funds. Change in net assets was a decrease of \$7.0 million in 2006 compared to an increase of \$0.9 million in the prior year. The decrease in net assets was primarily due to the adjustment to the fair value of investments. There was a net decrease in fair value of mortgage-backed securities of \$10.1 million in the current year compared to a net increase in fair value of \$1.5 million in the prior year.

During the current year, the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund had early redemptions of \$67.7 million.

Budgetary Analysis

The differences between the original and final amended budgets were relatively minor. The actual expenditures for the general funded rental housing and homeless service programs were \$106,962 less than the budgeted expenditures. This was due primarily to program requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2006, the Corporation had invested approximately \$393.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$344.9 million) in a broad range of capital assets. This amount represents a decrease of \$6.3 million (or 1.6%) over the prior year.

Corporation's Capital Assets Years Ended June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005 (In thousand of dollars)

							Total
	Governi	mental	Busi	ness			Percentage
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	To	tal	Change
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006-2005
	0. 0. 222	e 0.072	Ø 44.002	© 44.14C	Φ 47.277	m 46.510	0.207
Land	\$ 2,373	\$ 2,373	\$ 44,003	\$44,146	\$ 46,376	\$ 46,519	-0.3%
Buildings and improvements	37,471	34,671	596,269	566,942	633,740	601,613	5.3%
Equipment	1,097	1,097	11,971	12,021	13,068	13,118	-0.4%
Construction in progress	18,148	21,907	27,103	44,688	45,251	66,595	-32.1%
Total	59,089	60,048	679,346	667,797	738,435	727,845	1.5%
Accumulated depreciation	(20,014)	(18,853)	(324,903)	(309,205)	(344,917)	(328,058)	5.1%
Total Capital Assets,							
net	\$39,075	\$41,195	\$354,443	\$358,592	\$393,518	\$399,787	-1.6%

Debt A dministration

Through June 30, 2006, approximately \$2.13 billion of revenue bonds have been issued. The revenue bonds are payable solely from the revenues and other monies and assets of the Revenue Bond Funds and other assets of the Corporation pledged under the various bond indentures. Revenue bonds payable decreased \$69.6 million to \$388.6 million at June 30, 2006 from \$458.2 million at June 30, 2005. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Corporation issued approximately \$6.2 million of new bonds and had bond redemptions of approximately \$76.3 million. As defined in the bond indentures, under certain conditions, revenue bonds may be redeemed without premium prior to maturity. Included in the current year bond redemptions were early redemptions of \$67.7 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2006

under certain conditions, revenue bonds may be redeemed without premium prior to maturity. Included in the current year bond redemptions were early redemptions of \$67.7 million.

During fiscal year 2006, Moody's Investors Service's rating of the Corporation continued to be $\Lambda 2$ with a negative outlook. The Corporation's bond ratings for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond program were as follows:

Standard & Poor's Rating Services: AAA

Moody's Investors Service: Aaa

• Fitch Ratings: AAA

Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

- In accordance with Act 196, SLH 2005, the Corporation will be split into two organizations to more effectively concentrate on the development of affordable housing. The legislature found that the State's role in maintaining affordable housing in Hawaii has evolved into two parts: (1) Administering the State's public housing programs; and (2) Financing and developing affordable housing. Effective July 1, 2006 the Corporation will be bifurcated into (1) the Hawaii public housing administration and (2) the Hawaii housing finance and development administration.
- On July 1, 2006, the Corporation redeemed \$11.3 million of outstanding revenue bonds from the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund, including \$5.8 million of early redemptions.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Corporation's finances. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Fiscal Management Officer, Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii, 677 Queen Street, Suite 300, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813.



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of governmental funds and proprietary funds all as listed under "basic financial statements" in the accompanying table of contents of Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii (Corporation) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note A, the financial statements of the Corporation are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, of only that portion of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate other fund information of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of the Corporation. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of governmental funds and proprietary funds of the Corporation as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 1 to 14 and Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 83 to 85 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on Management's Discussion and Analysis or on the Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KMH LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii November 1, 2006

KMH LLP



GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

TOTAL ASSETS	Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation (notes A5, H and L)	Investments (notes A8 and D) Mortgage Loans, net of current portion (note E) Notes and Loans, net of current portion (note E) Other Receivables Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves Net Investment in Financing Lease, net of current portion (note F) Deferred Bond Issuance Costs (note A12)	Assets Held by Trustees Under Revenue Bond Programs Cash Investments (notes A8, D, G and K)	Total current assets	Inventories (note AV and AT) Developments in progress and dwelling units Materials and supplies Not investment in direct financing lease (note F) Prepaid expenses and other assets Deposits held in trust Deferred bond discount and issuance costs (note A12)	Internal balances Due from other State of Hawaii Departments Due from HUD	Receivables Mortgage loans (note F.) Accrued interest Tenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$5,796,911 Other	Current Assets Cash (notes A7 and C)	NSETS
\$ 61,433,522	39,075,011			22,358,511	1,349,042	2,537,566 665,591	118,379 118,379	S 17,687,933	Governmental Activities
s 1,019,760,591	354,442,595	6,380,627 72,173,149 426,100 517,712 8,506,200 15,863,896 2,221,210	2,956,113 326,593,930 329,550,043	229,679,059	20,916,442 825,317 499,184 228,081 99,586 141,872	(2,537,566) 23,821,045 3,825,734	1,296,440 8,106,152 744,765 1,877,331 12,024,688	s 169,834,676	Business-type Activities
S 1,081,194,113	393,517,606	6,380,627 72,173,149 426,100 517,712 8,506,200 15,863,896 2,221,210	2,956,113 326,593,930 329,550,043	252,037,570	20,916,442 825,317 499,184 1,577,123 99,586 141,872	23,821,045 4,491,325	1,296,440 8,106,152 744,765 1,995,710 12,143,067	\$ 187,522,609	Total

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued)

Juae 30, 2006

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Total net assets	Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted by legislation and contractual agreements Unrestricted	Commitments and Contingencies (potes L, M, N, O and P)	Deferred Commitment Fees, net of current portion Arbitrage Rebate Payable (note J) Note Payable, net of current portion (note I) Mortgage Payable, net of current portion (note I) Revenue Bonds Payable, less deferred refunding costs, net of current portion (notes J and K)	Total current habilities	Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Interest (notes 1 and J) Other Internal balances Due to State of Hawaii, including Office of Hawaiian Affairs (note M) Due to HUD Security deposits Note payable (note I) Mortgage payable (note I) Mortgage payable, less deferred refunding cost (notes J and K) Deferred moome Deferred gain on sale of units and land Estimated future costs of land sold (note M)	LIABILTHES AND NET ASSETS
s 61,433,522	53,833,805	39,075,011 14,758,794			7,599,717	\$ 1,368,580 1,551,248 2,473,456 12,781 - - 2,193,652	Governmental Activities
s 1,019,760,591	563,401,121	245,631,893 338,056,243 (20,287,015)		1,764,353 3,015,012 472,437 6,088,180 379,036,104	65,983,384	\$ 5,807,875 8,616,865 5,513,032 (2,473,456) 5,598,604 9,712 2,325,411 33,039 131,639 9,565,779 66,415 567,161 198,876 30,016,452	Business-repe Activities
S 1,081,194,113	617,234,926	284,706,904 338,056,243 (5,528,221)		1,764,353 3,015,012 472,437 6,088,180 379,036,104	73,583,101	\$ 7,176,455 8,616,865 7,064,280 5,598,664 22,493 23,25,411 39,019 131,639 9,565,779 2,260,067 567,161 198,876 30,016,452	Total

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Not Assets at July 1, 2005		Change in net assets	Total general revenues and transfers	State Allotted Appropriations, net of lapses Net Transfers	Total government-wide \$ 148.760.819 \$	Total business-type activines 100.574.651	Odies 5,349,418	Rental housing program	Single-family mortgage loan program	grams	Housing development program	Business-type activities Rental assistance program 47,119,597	Total governmental activities 48,186,168	Rental housing and assistance program 40.142.231	Functions/Programs Governmental activities Floreeless service and assistance program \$ 8,143,937 \$	Expenses		I
					s 72,193,920	72,193,920	4,584,808	19,264,495	10,012,409	19,252,537	1,668,640	14,411.031	,		·	services	Charges for	
					\$ 55,645,842	18,438,842	120,209	1,495,333	(1,180,856)	1,113,098	2,863.181	14,027,877	37,207,000	36,420,485	S 786,515	contributions	Operating	Program Revenues
					\$ 12,533,377	12,533,377		,		•	ı	12,533,377		ŀ		contributions	Capital organs and	
57 672 673 6155	47,135,185	6,698.621)	17,677,788	19,852,729 (2,174,941)	(10.979,168)		,			,		,	(10,979,168)	(5,721,746)	S (7,257,422)	activities	Covernmental	Net (exper
\$ 563,404,109	558,660,199	4,740,922	2,149,434	2,1+9,434	2,591,488	2,591,488	(10+.++)	(3,064,603)	(7,017,492)	17,086,844	2,178,452	(6,147,312)		***************************************	· ·	activities	Business-woe	Net (expense) revenue and changes in net assets
S 617,234,926	605,795,384	11,439.542	19,827,222	19,852,729 (25,507)	(8,387,680)	2,591,488	(4)4,4(3)	(3,064,603)	(7,017,492)	17,086,844	2,178,452	(6,147,312)	(31,979,168)	(3,/31,/40)	S (7,257,422)	Total		s in net assets

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Toni fund balances	Fund Balances - Unrestricted: Reserved Unreserved	Total liabilities	Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Acctued expenses Due to other funds Due to HUD Deferred income	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	TOTAL ASSETS	Current Assets: Clash (note C) Other receivables Due from other funds Due from HUD Prepaid expenses and other assets	ASEERS
s 7,181,093	6,239,487	6,239,487	941,606	S 751,274 112,920 77,412		s 7,181,093	S 7,124,591 300 - - 56,202	General
S 5,560,693	5,271,440	5,271,440	289,253	\$ 289,253		S 5,560,693	\$ 5,560,693	Capital Projects
S 7,285,676	2,407,123	2,407,123	4,878,553	\$ 388,926 2,293,338 2,637 2,193,652		\$ 7,285,676	\$ 4,263,499 1,320 1,705,000 23,017 1,202,840	Housing Voucher
S 1,984,139	1,167,442	1,167,442	816,697	\$ 722,704 92,062 1,931		S 1,984,139	S 730,955 116,759 832,566 303,859	Section 8 Contract Administration
\$ 346,910			346,910	\$ 328,053 10,644 8,213		\$ 346,910	\$ 8,195 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Other Funds
S 22,358.511	15,085,492	11,510,927 3,574,565	7,273,019	S 1,368,580 1,224,550 2,473,456 12,781 2,193,652		s 22,358,511	\$ 17,687,933 118,379 2,537,566 665,591 1,349,042	Total Governmental Funds

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 15,085,492
Amounts reported for governmental activities in		
the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities		
are not financial resources and therefore		
not reported in the funds.	\$ 39,075,011	
Long-term compensated absences are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore	(2.2.5.50.0)	40 E 10 010
are not reported in the funds	 (326,698)	 38,748,313
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 53,833,805

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year ended June 30, 2006

Fund Balance at June 30, 2006	Fund Balance at July 1, 2005	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	Total other financing uses	Other Financing Uses - Transfers Out	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	Total expenditures	Capiral outlays	Other	Insurance	Culines	Repairs and maintenance	Security.	Professional services	Administration	Personal services	Homeless services	Housing assistance payments	Expenditures:	Total revenues	Revenues: Intergovernmental – FICD annual contributions and others State allotted appropriations, net of lapsed funds Interest	
S 6,239,487	4 21,926	5,817,561	188,536	188,536	6,006,097	8,596,736	125,715	1,997	995	1,596	404,066	47,526	56,395	102,270	481,033	6,695,075	680,068		14,602,833	S 14,602,729 104	General
\$ 5,271,440	1,378,495	3,892,945	320,108	320,108	4,213,053	686,947	686,899		,					48			1		4,900,000	\$ 4,900,000	Capital Projects
S 2,407,123	2,987,824	(580,701)		,	(580,701)	17,075,709	and the second s	12,904	7,662		9,579	2,028	84,531	604,233	1,971,782	ı	14,382,990		16,495,008	S 16,492,745 - 2,263	Housing Voucher
\$ 1,167,442	1,456,724	(289,282)	20,475	20,475	(268,807)	19,226,900	3,527	96	1,549		601	288	62,070	1,045,792	350,943	,	17,762,034		18,958,093	S 18,957,619 - 474	Section 8 Contract Administration
S	71,703	(71,703)	-		(71,703)	2,175,499		r.	ī		1	i	7,086	2,168,413		,	ř		2,103,796	\$ 1,753,796 350,000	Other Funds
\$ 15,085,492	6,316,672	8,768,820	529,119	529,119	9,297,939	47,761,791	816,141	14,997	10,206	1,596	414,246						32,825,092		57,059,730	\$ 37,204,160 19,852,729 2,841	Total Governmental Funds

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 8,768,820
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as	
expenditures. In the statement of activities, the	
cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as	
depreciation expense. This is the amount	
by which capital outlays exceeded	
depreciation during the year. \$ (2,120,087)	
Long-term compensated absences reported in the	
statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and therefore are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds 49,887	 (2,070,200)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,698,620

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

TOTAL ASSETS	Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation (notes A5, H and I.)	Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves Neet Investment in Financing Lease, not of current portion (note F) Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, net of current portion (note A12)	Other Receivables	Notes and Loans, net of current portion (note E)	Investments (notes A8 and D) Vorteened Lyans and of current portion (note F)		Assets Held by Trastres Under Revenue Bond Programs: Cash and cash equivalent Investments (notes A& D. G and K)	Total current assets	Deferred bond issuance costs	Deposits held in trust	Net investment in financing lease (note r)	Materials and supplies	Developments in progress and dwelling units	Inventories (notes A9 and M)	Due from HUD	Due from other State of Hawaii Departments	The first of the state of the s	Chire	Chicago of spinory of the control of	Fenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful	Receivables Mortgage hoars (note F) Accused interest	Carrent Assets: Cash (notes A7 and C)	ASSETS
S 213,506,538	195,140,220							18,366,318		•		001,37	741 870 -		3,633,164	ر پردار بار در	3,850,319	593,710	94,9 <u>2</u> 7	187.80±		9,£,819,9	Federal Low Rent <u>Program</u>
8+ <u>7,815,48</u>	6,433,521				621,321			127,463,506		ε	29,952		20,916,442		í	23,821,045	462,125	1,145,314	370,633	15.711	+6 + 599 9± + 56	S 81,088,628	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund
S 115,892,927	81,586,783	780,508	t 1	r	1 1	30,841,432	- 30,841, 4 32	2,684,204	51,278	! "	808		, ,		4			814,600	637,840	64,138	112,648	S 1,817,511	Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund
\$ 283.641,702	3,757	1,178,207	1 , 1	1	8,+87 <u>,2</u> 38	268,429,244	2,640,321 265,788,923	3,543,256	2,488		7,073				1		,	5,463,695	-		790,695 4,673,000	es	Singk Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund
S 287,292,323	71,096,436	8,506,200 15,863,896 262,495	325,000	t26,100	6,380,627 63,064,590		315,792 29,963,575	90,569,900	18,106	40,186	190,247	+81,00 +	165,438		192,570		9,228,81+	3,097,850	773,931	166,153	413,269 2,6 41 ,503	\$ 76,180,099	Other Enterprise Funds
S 1,034,851,838	354,260,717	8,506,290 15,863,896 2,221,210	325,000	#26,100 \$17.710	6,380,627 72,173,149	329,550,043	2,956,113 326,593,930	244,627,184	1+1,0/1		228,081	±99,184	825,317	c∏ 9160€	3,825,734	23,821,045	13,550,258	12,015,181	1,877,331	744,765	1,296,440 8,096,645	S 168,704,484	Total Enterprise Funds
S 1,321,577	181,878		ı	, ,	1 1	-] t	1,139,699			•	•	,		,	•	1	9,507			9,507	S 1,150,192	Internal Service Funds

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Current Labilities:
Accounts payable
Accounts payable
Accounts payable
Accounts payable
Accounts payable
Other
Due to other funds
Due to other funds
Due to other funds
Due to HUD
Security deposits
Nour payable (note I)
Mortgage payable (note I)
Mortgage payable (note I)
Mortgage payable, less deferred refunding
Revenaue bonds payable, less deferred refunding
Cost (notes J and K)
Deferred gain on sale of units and land
Estimated finance costs of land sold
Estimated finance costs of land sold

Total current liabilities

Dekreed Commitment Fees, net of current portion Arbitrage Rebate Physible (note.))
Note Physible, net of current portion (note.)
Mortgage Physible, net of current portion (note.)
Revenue Bonds Physible, less deferred refunding cost, net of current portion (notes.) and K.)

Commitments and Contingencies (notes L, M, N, O and P)

Net Assets
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
Respreted by legislation and contractual agreements
Citrestricted

Total act assets

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued)

S 1,321,577	S 1,034,851,838	\$ 287,292,323	8 285,641,702	\$ 115,892,927	S 134,518,348	\$ 213,506,538
1,262,064	562,139,057	213,720,403	38,476,295	9,388,111	97,211,330	203,3+2,918
1,080,186	(21,367,201)	110,229,546	268,429,244 (229,956,706)	30,841,432 (960,677)	91,117,938	8,202,698
181,878	245,450,015	64,765,290	3,757	(20,402,644)	6,093,392	195,140,220
ı	379,036,104	51,265,871	227,104,020	нж,666,213	•	
·	6,088,180	6,088,180	3 1		501,110	. ,
	3,015,012 472,437	371 327	3,013,518	1,69+	301 110	1
	1,764,353		1,704,353			
59,513	82,336,695	16,046,542	13,283,716	5,836,909	37,005,908	10,163,620
	30,016,452		a description of the second	1	36),016,452	The state of the s
	567,161		567,161			,
	66,413	+,852		12,80)4	18,759	,
ı	9,565,779	825,779	6,495,000	2,245,000		1
1	151,639	131,639	ı	ı	1,000	, ,
ı	39,019	777,74	, ,	301,000	90,507	058,115
	2,712	9,712 011,0		052		
	5,598,604	25,000	1	ij	5,573,604	,
59,515	13,879,855	11,543,667	130,859	101,665	84,660	2,019,004
	8,616,865 5,513,032	938,474 934,316	5,925,00 1 121,320	1,755,387 33,879	+ 17,124	±,0xi6,393
ý	\$ 5,807,875	S 855,162	S +6,372	S 805,324	s 620,907	\$ 3,480,110
>						
Internal Service Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund	Hawan Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund	Federal Low Rent Program

RECONCILIATION OF THE PROPRIETARY FUNDS NET ASSETS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total net assets of proprietary funds	\$	562,139,057
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the		
statement of net assets are different because certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included		
with business-type activities	**************************************	1,262,064
Net assets of business-type activities	\$	563,401,121

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Year onded June 30, 2006

Operating (loss) income carried forward	Total operating expenses	Interest expense Other	Capital expenditures	Editables is near or repres	D. T.		Repairs and maintenance	Insurance	Security 50 o	Mortgage insurance	Professional services	Loan servicing fees	(Recovery of) provision for losses	Administration	Housing assistance payments	Depreciation	Personal services	Project	Cost of land and units sold (note M)	Operating Expenses	Total operating revenues	Other	Conveyance tax	Kental	SARS OF URK	College Colleg	Salve of Inni	Nor decrease in hir value of mortone-backed securines (note A8)	Interest on mortgages, notes, loans, mortgage-backed securities, and not investment in financing lease (note)	Operating Revenues:				
S (31,001,819)	45,286,412		11 11 11	350 331 350 331	?7∟ 11 ⊢	8,064,168	1,047,508	177,237	1,578,846	1	270,018		•	3,858,313		9,982,896	12,522,104	6,960,997	,		14,284,593	+15,557	1	Costraco	12 831 036				co ,		Rent Program	Federal Low		
S (653,280)	5,321,920	36,519	145	だみです			250,855	11,256	552	r	245,986	1	(59,146)	+52,+81	•	255,199	1,959,890	1,617,840	508,385		4,668,640	1,109,50	4 4 50 3 3 7	2744	911 978	1 (98 00)	620,118		S 8+9,218		Fund	Revolving	Dwelling Unit	
s 2,477,256	11,534,547	125,064	, ,	25,222			156	1			4,099	,	13,364	90,896	1	4,807,247	178,537	6,259,962			14,011,803	112,700	1111	and some of the second	13 200 065			•	ss -		Bond Fund	System Revenue	Hawan Rental Housing	:
S (13,995,817)	13,936,069		13, 394, 841	830		1,887			67	15,159	28,939	£1,129	•	184,124	Þ	805	208,588		ı		(59,748)	E,007						(10,071,372)	S 10,009,030		Bond Fund	Revenue	Mortgage Purchase	Single Family
\$ 11,983,902	17,191,418	+18,830	2.137,558	22.634		1,391,645	1,301,886	67,192	1,981	,	283,212		172,876	1,030,413	1,0/.,+/1	2,455,572	3,505,579	2,022,009	2/328/0		29,174,320	0 yd d - 1 - 7 c	5 332 701	16,002,831	+522,123	ė			s 2,325,572		Funds	Enterprise	Other	
S (31,189,758)	93,269,366	580,413	15,532,399	340,7(8)	574,114	9,457,700	2,600,405	255,685	1,581,+46	15,159	832,254	41,029	150,794	5,616,32/	1,077,471	VI) (VE) 11	10,007,790	10,401,000	1= 161 669		62,079,608	,,00,,300,00	7.651.006	16 003 831	32,604,202	1,098,000	620,118	(10,071,372)	\$ 13,183,820		Funds	Enterprise	Total	
\$ (86,759)	128,302	E		79,154	•						12,219		,	ŧ		20,020	36.030	,	1		¥1,5+3		•		±1,5 1 3	1			ss.		Funds	Service	Internal	

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

Fund Net Assets at June 30, 2006	Fund Net Assets at July 1, 2005	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	Net Operating Transfers	income (loss) before transfers	Not nonoperating revenues (expenses)	Other (expenses) revenues	Arbetrage rebate	Insurance expense	Loss on disposition of asset	Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs	There iees	Interest expense	FILID operating subsidy and others	Net decrease in fair value of investments	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income - cash and investments	Operating (loss) income brought forward	
S 203,342.918	208.461.385	(5,118,467)	The second secon	(5,118,≠67)	25,883,352	-	•	1		ı	1 .	(20)	25,702,154	•	181,218	\$ (31,001,819)	Federal Low Rent Program
S 97,211,330	93,925,983	3,285,347	1,106,895	2,178,452	2,831,732	_		4	ì	i	•	(31,449)			2,863,181	S (653,280)	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund
S 9,388,111	9,273,150	114,961	792,526	(677,565)	(3,154,821)	(38,6(4))	•	(130,819)	(32)	(127,587)	1,702	(3,906,075)		,	1,046,590	\$ 2,477,256	Hawaii Reutal Housing System Revenue Bond Fund
S 38,476.295	+5.486,979	(7,010,684)		(7,010,684)	6,985,133		(1,577,337)	•		(271,725)	(56,323)				8,890,516	\$ (13.995,817)	Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund
S 213.72u,403	200,207,552	13,512,851	250,013	13,262,838	1.278.936	36,952		,	ı	(18,515)	(7,190)	(1,011,313)	1	(2,529,058)	090*808*†	\$ 11,983,902	Other Enterprise Funds
\$ 562,139,657	557.355,049	4,784,608	2,149,434	2,634,574	33,824,332	(1,648)	(1,577,337)	(150,819)	: : (3)	(417,825)	(61,811)	(4,948,857)	25,702,154	(2,529,058)	17,789,565	S (31,189,758)	Total Enterprise Funds
\$ 1,262,064	1.305,150	(43,086)	ŀ	(43,086)	+3.673			•		,	,				+3,673	S (86.759)	Internal Service Funds

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF PROPRIETARY FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total proprietary funds	\$ 4,784,008
Net change in fund balances - internal service funds	 (43,086)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,740,922

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended June 30, 2006

Subroad carried forward	Net cash (used in) provided by capital and related financing activities	Payments for acquistion of property and equipment Other	Payments of interest	Principal payments on moregage leans	Principal payments on notes payable	Interest paid on revenue bonds	Other hunning source - new Dond issuance	Exactat past on revenue bond matunees and redempoons	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		Operating rearesters out	Operating transfers in	Cash received from borrower	FICD operating subsidy and others received	Interest paid to the Department of Budget and Finance	Arbitrage rebase paid	Principal paid on revenue bond maturates and redemptions	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	Other cash receipts (payments)	Payment in heu of taxes	Casa (pa) ments to) receipts from order runes	Cash payments to supplieds	Cash payments to employees	Cash payments for interest	Cash payments for loan originations	Cash payments for acquisition of mortgage-backed securities	Cash to borrower	Cash received for payments on mortgage-backed securities	Cash received for conveyance taxes	Cash received from sale of land	Cash received from net investment in financing lease	interest income	Principal reparments	Cash received from borrowers:	Cash received from renters	Cash Hows from Operating Activities:		
s (6,395,078)	(11,168,805)	(11,100,000)	711 170 975)							31,174,840					30,174,860	(J())		,		(25,601,113)	7.00.7.1+0	(F11, F1)	(57±11±)	(±0): ±05) (±1100): (±1)	(10 ±66 322)	(10 EST 01)		,	,	,		1			,		S 15,905,748		Federal Low Rent Program	
S 1,856,963	(7tj.181)		. 	(21 10)	(=00,000)	(05) 85)			1	,			,	,		•				1,927,044	0,00000	207.707	. `	51,367	(2,662,229)	(3.959.898))	s - 1	, 1			1	1,695,518	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	70,110	865 %. 661°CC1	122 100	8 917,556		Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund	
S 779,320	(6,3+1,282)	//	(8.376)			(0, 1)	(300 cT t 7)		(2.190,160)			-		,				1		7,120,642	47.	207 VVV		(31,965)	(6,483,291)	(178,537)	•	•				. 1	•	٠			3 15,10,729		Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund	
s (64,607,464)						•			1	(cco; tao;+:)	/# p//d (#2)		1				(2,4/6,055)	(000,626,67)	((HH) 505 50/	10,194,189		(1)95)		3,162	(337,134)	(268,388)	(15,970,259)		(23.881.663)		38 317 938	. 1			9 392 962	2 938 566	6		Mortgage Purchase Revenuc Bond Fund	Single Family
\$ 13,575,822	3,889,653	107,561	(476,776)	(163,681)	(122.864)	, `	(8±1.1.129)	6,165,000	(779,558)	J. 7-6, 2 2 -	: 502 110	(+či (c)	188,330	200,000		(14,0,21)	200		•	6,265,(157		4,128,488	,	(557,689)	(7,896,348)	(3,583,088)	(2,112,739)	(5,44,471)		(6.165.000)		16.993.834		1 240 521	1,325,603	3.722.248		8(5) 71 5 5	Other Enterprise Funds	
s (54,990,437)	(13,690,515)	107,561	(11,653,957)	(195.134))	(122,864.00)	(38,632)	(4,982,935)	6,165,000	(2,969,558)		(31/2 5/16 117)	(+cr(c)	100,001	198152	000,4 (ToU	(=1+(-1)	(CTR CT)	(1 178 853)	(73.325.18Ki)	(94,221)		8,944,234	(574,114)	(1,059,829)	(36,8+5,32+)	(25,473,004)	(18,082,998)	(5,11,171)	(23,881,663)	((((1), 251, 5)	38,317,938	16,993,834	1,693,318	1,24),521	10,794,793	6,794,013		s 32.644.531	Total Enterprise Funds	
s (143,576)	(151,998)	3	(151,998)			•	ı		ı				•			, ,	,	ı		% 13			1		(33,121)										3			\$ 41,543	Internal Service Funds	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Subtotal brought forward

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:
Purchases of investments
Proceeds from maturities of investi

Proceeds from maturities of investments Receipts of interest

Net increase in restricted deposits and hinded reserves

Ner eash provided by investing activities

NET (DECREASE) INGREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005

Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 31, 2006

Reconciliation of Cash to Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Money market funds, reported under investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2010

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

9rc'819'6 S	S 9,618,246	13,579,332 S 9,618,246	(3,961,086)	2,633,992	2,450,000 183,992	\$ (6,595,178)	Federal Low Rent Program
ls	w	S				os.	
81,088,628	81,088,628	76,269,614 81,088,628	+1819,014	2,962,051	2,962,(61	1,856,963	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund
S	S	S				S	Rer Sys
32,658,943	1,817,511 30,841,432	30,887,1+3 32,658,943	1,771,800	992,480	992,480	779,320	Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund
S)	v»	S				vs	Sing P P B
3,160,484	2,640,321 520,163	33,933,627 3,160, 1 84	(30,773,143)	33,834,321	(75,080,939) 103,640,180 5,275,080	(64,6117,464)	Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund
S	· ·	S				Ø	
76,495,891	76,495,891	58,646,247 76,495,891	17,849,644	\$273,822	(1,404,012) 2,041,402 4,686,196 (1,049,764)	13,575,822	Other Enterprise Funds
s	\ \cdots	S				s	Pro Pro
203,022,192	171,660,597 31,361,595	213,315,963 203,022,192	(10,293,771)	+1,696,666	(76,484,951) 108,131,582 14,099,799 (1,049,764)	(54,9911,437)	Total Enterprise Funds
S	S	S				s	
1,130,192	1,130,192	1,233, 11 6 1,131,192	(105,254)	#1,322	±0,322	(1+3,576)	Internal Service Funds

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:

Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:

Operating (loss) income

Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:

Net decrease in fair value of mortgage-backed securities

Changes in assets and habilities:

Mortgage Joans receivable

Accrued interest receivable on mortgages,

Other receivables

Tenant receivables

notes and loans

Provision for (recovery of) losses

Depreciation

w	1																										c	n	R
(25,601,113)		1	1	1	1	(2,656)	ı	(311,437)	988,686		(5,247,775)	•				39,068		•	(213,267)	97,823	67,368	ı	ı	•	9,982,896		(0.5,000,000,000,000	(33 (14) 8 (9)	l'ederal Low Rent Program
ορ																											,	yo.	, p
1,927,044	(10,979)	(24,800)		1	(2,853)	(17,883)	,	59,015	8,671		13,905	,			,	492,451		1,417,134	(7,648)	318,369	(3,886)	9,876	133,199	(59,446)	255,199	1	7	(653.280)	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund
s																											,	vs	Ne Re
7,120,602	-	ι	1	1	(38,047)	17,066		(31,965)	(231)	Ĺ	(102,291)		ı	,	(434)				1	9,992	(61,355)	.5	i	43,364	4,807,247	·		2,477,256	Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund
s 10,194,189			(616,068)	436,642	1	1	4	3,162	(838)	(3,012,865)	(70,101)	14,436,275	•		3,056		1		1				2,938,566	,	805	10,071,372		s (13,995,817)	Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund
s 6,265,057		1	ı	ı	2,219	(62,992)	6,010	417,871	23,829	24,819	466,533	1	7,315	31,417	275,031	6,940	(189,085)	2,257	(974,444)	(97,342)	(165,256)	(311,007)	(7,809,408)	1/2,8/6	2,453,572	•		\$ 11,983,992	Other Enterprise Funds
Ø5	1																											S	
S (94,221)	(67.6hill)	(188,62)	(616,068)	456,642	(38,681)	(66,465)	6,010	136,646	1,020,117	(2,988,046)	(4,939,729)	14,436,275	7,315	31,417	277,653	538,459	(189,485)	1,419,391	(1,195,359)	328,842	(163,129)	(301,131)	(4,737,643)	150,794	17,499,719	10,071,372		(31,189,758)	Total Enterprise Funds
																												co.	, w ii
S 8,422		,		,	1	,	,				58,252		,	,		,	1	,		,		1		,	36,929			(86,759)	Internal Service Funds

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Deferred gain on sale of units and land Estimated future costs of land sold

Net each (used in) provided by operating activities

Deferred refunding costs

Security deposits

Deferred income

Deferred commitment fees

Accrued interest payable

Accounts payable

Other accrued expenses

Due to other funds

Due to HCD

Deposits held in trust

Investments in mortgage-backed securities

Prepaid expenses and other assets

Net investment in lease financing

Due from other funds
Due from State of Hawaii
Due from FUD

inventories

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

		Purpose usts
ASSETS	-	
Cash	\$	288,364
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	288,364
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	232,833
Total liabilities		232,833
Net Assets - Held in trust		55,531
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	288,364

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trusts	
Additions - Interest	\$ 1,20)3
Deductions - Capital Outlays	268,45	<u>.</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(267,25	51)
Net Assets at July 1, 2005	322,78	32_
Net Assets at June 30, 2006	\$ 55,53	31

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Chapter 201E, Hawaii Revised Statutes and Act 337, Session Laws of Hawaii (SLH) 1987, created the Housing Finance and Development Corporation (HFDC). The HFDC was created to perform housing finance, housing development and residential leasehold functions. The Hawaii Housing Authority, State of Hawaii (Authority) was organized pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 356, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The Authority was created to provide safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations for low and moderate-income residents of Hawaii.

In accordance with Act 350, SLH, 1997, effective July 1, 1998, the functions and employees of HFDC as well as those of the Authority and the Rental Housing Trust Fund were transferred to the newly created Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii (Corporation). The purpose of Act 350, SLH, 1997, was to consolidate all state housing functions previously administered by the Authority, HFDC and the Rental Housing Trust Fund. The Corporation is a public body and a body corporate and politic and was, for administrative purposes only, considered to be a part of the State Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism. In accordance with Act 92, Session Laws of Hawaii, 2003, effective July 1, 2003, administratively, the functions and employees of the Corporation were transferred to the State Department of Human Services.

For financial reporting purposes, the Corporation includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Corporation's Board of Directors. Control by or dependence on the Corporation was determined on the basis of statutory authority and monies flowing through the Corporation to each fund.

HUD Subsidized Programs

The Federal Low-Rent Program and the various Section 8 funds are referred to collectively as the HUD Subsidized Programs and represent the contracts that the Corporation has entered into with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Federal Low-Rent Program is used to account for Corporation-owned housing projects, which are rented to low-income families.

HUD Subsidized Programs include subsidized housing assistance payments. Under these programs, low-income tenants lease housing units directly from private landlords rather than from the Corporation. Rental payment subsidies are paid directly to the private landlords by the Corporation using operating subsidies obtained from HUD.

The Federal Low-Rent Program includes all property and equipment, principally structures and improvements, acquired with contributions from HUD.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Significant Accounting Policies

1. Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In June 1999, the GASB issued Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This Statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments in the United States of America. They required new information and restructured much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Comparability with reports issued in prior years was affected. The Corporation was required to implement these standards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

Other GASB Statements were required to be implemented in conjunction with Statement 34. Therefore, the Corporation implemented the following GASB Statements as of July 1, 2001: Statement 36, Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues, Statement 37, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus and Statement 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures.

The Corporation is part of the executive branch of the State. The financial statements of the Corporation, are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows where applicable, of only that portion of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of the Corporation. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The State Comptroller maintains the central accounts for all State funds and publishes financial statements for the State annually, which include the Corporation's financial activities.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, report information of all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Corporation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by State allotments and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which tely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. State allotments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. The Corporation does employ an indirect cost allocation system.

Net assets are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. The Corporation's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition their assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities as obligations of the government, their funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

a. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Interest expense of approximately \$20,481,000 was included as direct function expenses during the year ended June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A – ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

b. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year end. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement 33, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenues when applicable requirements, including time requirements are met.

Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants and interest on investments. Some revenue items that are considered measurable and available to finance operations during the year from an accounting perspective are not available for expenditure due to the State's present appropriation system. These revenues have been accrued in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles since they have been earned and are expected to be collected within sixty days of the end of the period. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Corporation.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Modifications to the accrual basis of accounting include employees' vested vacation, which is recorded as an expenditure when utilized or paid. The amount of unmatured long-term indebtedness related to accumulated vacation at June 30, 2006 has been reported in the government-wide financial statements.

c. Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds

The financial statements of proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide statements described above.

Each proprietary fund has the option under GASB Statement 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to elect to apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, unless FASB conflicts with GASB. The Corporation has elected to not apply FASB statements after the applicable date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

c. Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the Corporation's enterprise funds are interest income, rental income, land sales and conveyance tax revenues. Federal grants and interest income from investments are reported as nonoperating income.

4. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the Corporation are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The Corporation uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate the legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

a. Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Corporation. It is used to account for all financial activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund includes the Rent Supplement, Security/Beautification and the Homeless Program. The annual operating budget as authorized by the State Legislature provides the basic framework within which the resources and obligations of the general fund are accounted.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds include Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, Contract Administration, Drug Elimination Programs, Shelter Plus Care, Housing

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Fund Accounting (continued)

a. Governmental Funds (continued)

Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program, Emergency Shelter Grant Program, Residential Opportunities Self-Sufficient Programs (ROSS), Supportive Housing Program, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Program, Economic Development Initiative Special Project Grant Boys and Girls Club of Hawaii, and Self-Help Program.

Capital Projects Fund – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund type). These funds include the Capital Projects Fund, EDI Special Project Grant and Department of Labor Employment and Training Grant.

The Corporation reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Housing Voucher Program accounts for federal contributions for housing assistance payments under the Housing Choice Voucher Program.
- Section 8 Contract Administration accounts for federal contributions primarily for housing payments under the Project-Based Section 8 program.

b. Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds – These funds account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to customers, or where sound financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate. The enterprise funds include the Revenue Bond Funds, Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund, and other funds.

Under the Revenue Bond Funds, proceeds from the bond issues are used to make belowmarket interest rate mortgage loans to persons and families of low to moderate income for the purchase of owner-occupied single-family and condominium dwellings, provide interim construction loans and permanent financing of affordable rental housing projects; and to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Fund Accounting (continued)

b. Proprietary Funds (continued)

finance multifamily housing projects. These funds include the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund, the Multifamily Revenue Bond Fund, the Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund, and the University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund.

The other funds include the Federal Low-Rent Program, Housing Revolving Fund, Housing for Elders Revolving Fund, Teacher Housing Revolving, Banyan Street Manor Project, Wilikina Apartments Project, Kekuilani Gardens Project, Kekumu at Waikoloa Project, Fee Simple Residential Revolving Fund, Rental Assistance Fund, Housing Finance Revolving Fund, Disbursing Fund, Rental Housing Trust Fund, Kuhio Park Terrace Resource Center, Federal Grant Program Fund, Grant-in-aid Fund, Hamakua and Waialua.

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for those activities, which provide goods or services primarily to the Corporation, rather than to external parties. In the government-wide statements, internal service funds are included with business-type activities. These funds include the Equipment Rental Fund and Vehicle Rental Fund.

The Corporation reports the following as major proprietary funds:

Federal Low-Rent Program – accounts for the proceeds from federal contributions for the development of rental property and rental income and federal operating subsidies from such properties.

Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund – accounts for state funds used for acquiring, developing, selling, leasing and renting residential, commercial and industrial properties, providing mortgage and interim financing and rental income and sales proceeds and interest earnings from the financing and investment of such funds.

Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund – accounts for special funds to account for housing projects or systems of housing projects financed from the proceeds of bonds secured under the same trust indenture. The fund accounts for six multifamily rental housing projects located throughout the State of Hawaii.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A – ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Fund Accounting (continued)

b. Proprietary Funds (continued)

Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund – accounts for the proceeds for the issuance of bonds used to make below-market interest rate mortgage loans and the repayment, interest, and earnings from such loans and investment of such funds.

c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u>

The private-purpose trust funds account for net assets held in a trustee capacity for others.

5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Corporation as land and those assets with estimated useful lives greater than one year and with an acquisition cost greater than:

Land improvements	\$100,000
Building and building improvements	\$100,000
Equipment	\$ 5,000

Purchased and constructed capital assets are valued at cost. Donated assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets utilized in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary funds financial statements. The Corporation utilizes the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life. No depreciation is recorded for land and land improvements. Generally, the useful lives are as follows:

		Proprietary Fund and
	Governmental Activities	business-type activities
Building and building improvements Equipment	25 years 7 years	10 - 40 years $1 - 10$ years

6. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues at the fund level and government-wide level arise when the Corporation receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when the revenue recognition criteria is met, or when the Corporation has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and revenue is recognized. Deferred revenues at June 30, 2006 consist primarily of Federal grant funds and deferred rental income.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows – proprietary funds, include all cash and investments with original purchased maturities of three months or less.

8. Investments

Investments in U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit and money market funds with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. Non-participating investment contracts, generally repurchase agreements, are reported at cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A – ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

9. Inventories

Development in Progress and Dwelling Units

Inventories consist of developments in progress and units available for sale. Developments in progress include construction in progress and land held for future development related to the remaining portions of three master planned community projects — Kapolei (Oahu), La'i'opua (Hawaii), and Leiali'i (Maui). Costs included in developments in progress relate to the infrastructure construction for these master planned communities. Units available for sale include constructed units, developed lots and repurchased units available for sale.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value. All estimated development, holding and disposition costs to the anticipated date of disposition are considered in the determination of estimated net realizable value. Estimated net realizable value represents management's estimates, based on management's plans and intentions, of sales price less development, holding and disposition costs, assuming that the development and disposition occurs in the normal course of business. Valuation allowances for estimated losses on units available for sale are provided when the total estimated carrying costs exceeds the estimated net realizable value.

The recognition of gain from the sale of units is dependent on a number of factors relating to the nature of the property sold, the terms of the sale and the future involvement of the Corporation in the property sold. If a real estate transaction does not meet established financial criteria, profit recognition is deferred and recognized under the installment or cost recovery method until such time as the criteria are met.

Material and Supplies

In the governmental funds, the cost of inventories is recorded as an expenditure when consumed.

10. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and service type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See note R for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

11. HUD Annual Contributions

The Corporation receives annual contributions and subsidies from HUD for operating the Corporation's housing assistance payment programs and the development and operation of low-income housing projects. The Corporation also receives annual subsidies from HUD for housing assistance payments and operating deficits incurred in the operation of the programs. Annual subsidies recorded in the proprietary fund types are recognized as nonoperating revenue when realized and earned and are accounted for in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets – proprietary funds as HUD operating subsidy.

12. Amortization

Issuance costs of revenue bonds are deferred and amortized ratably over the term of the bond principal outstanding.

13. Vacation

Employees hired prior to July 2, 2001 are credited with vacation at a rate of 168 hours per calendar year. Employees hired on or subsequent to July 2, 2001 are credited with vacation which ranges from 96 hours to 192 hours per calendar year depending on years of service. Accumulation of such vacation credits is limited to 720 hours at calendar year end and is convertible to pay upon termination of employment. Liabilities for accumulated unpaid vacation are accrued at the end of each accounting period utilizing current salary rates. Such vacation credits are recorded as accrued wages and employee benefits payable in the government-wide and the enterprise funds financial statements at the balance sheet date. Accumulated unpaid vacation estimated to be used or paid during the next year is approximately \$711,000. The change in accumulated unpaid vacation during the year is approximately as follows:

Balance at July 1, 2005			Balance at June 30, 2006
\$2,497,951	\$1,072,405	\$1,061,467	\$2,508,889

14. Allocated Costs

The Corporation provides certain administrative services to its various funds. The cost of these services is allocated to the funds based on estimates of benefits provided to the funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE Λ – ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

15. Reservations of Fund Balances

The general and capital projects fund balances are reserved for continuing appropriations, which are comprised of encumbrances and unencumbered allotment balances. Encumbrances represent outstanding commitments, which generally are liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year.

Unencumbered allotment balances represent amounts that have been released and made available for encumbrance or expenditure and are legally segregated for a specific future use.

16. Risk Management

Liabilities related to certain types of losses (including torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, natural disasters and injuries to employees) are reported when it is probable that the losses have occurred and the amount of those losses can be reasonably estimated.

17. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The budget of the Corporation is a detailed operating plan identifying estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the programs, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan, and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The budget represents a process through which financial policy decisions are made, implemented and controlled. Revenue estimates are provided to the State Legislature at the time of budget consideration and are revised and updated throughout the fiscal year. Amounts reflected as budgeted revenues in the accompanying Required Supplementary Information — Budgetary Comparison Schedule are estimates as compiled by the Corporation and reviewed by the Department of Budget and Finance. Budgeted expenditures are derived primarily from acts of the State Legislature and from other authorizations contained in the State Constitution, the Hawaii Revised Statutes and other specific appropriation acts in various Session Laws of Hawaii.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE B - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL (continued)

Expenditures of these appropriated funds are made pursuant to the appropriations in the biennial budget as amended by subsequent supplemental appropriations. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level. Budget revisions and interdepartmental transfers may be affected with certain executive and legislative branch approvals.

The general fund and certain special revenue funds have legally appropriated annual budgets. The final legally adopted budget in the accompanying Required Supplementary Information — Budgetary Comparison Schedule represent the original appropriations, transfers and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes.

To the extent not expended or encumbered, general fund and special revenue funds appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year or grant period for which the appropriations were made. The State Legislature or federal government specifies the lapse dates and any other contingencies that may terminate the authorization for other appropriations. Known lapses occurring in the year of appropriation, if any, are included in the amended budgets, and are netted against revenues in the accompanying Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

A comparison of both the original budget and the final budget to the actual revenues and expenditures of the general and certain special revenue funds are presented in the accompanying Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule. Differences between revenues and expenditures reported on the budgetary basis and those reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) are mainly due to revenues and expenditures of unbudgeted funds and the different methods used to recognize resource uses. For budgeting purposes, resource uses are recognized when cash disbursements are made or funds are encumbered. For financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP, expenditures are recognized when incurred and encumbrances are not reported as resources used.

A summation of the differences between revenues and expenditures reported on the budgetary basis and those reported in accordance with GAAP for the general and certain special revenue funds for the year ended June 30, 2006 is set forth in the Required Supplementary Information.

NOTE C - CASH

The State maintains a cash pool that is available to all funds. The Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of all monies paid into the State Treasury. The Director of Finance may invest any monies of the State, which in the Director's judgment are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Cash is pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited with approved financial institutions or invested in the State Treasury

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE C – CASH (continued)

Investment Pool. Cash accounts that participate in the investment pool accrue interest based on the average weighted cash balances of each account.

The State requires that the depository banks pledge, as collateral, government securities held in the name of the State for deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance.

At June 30, 2006, total cash reported in the Statement of Net Assets is \$190,578,308, which consisted of the following:

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
State pool and petty cash	\$ 12,685,284	\$ 157,647,441	\$ 170,332,725
State pool and petty cash Cash in bank (book balance)	5,002,649	12,187,235	<u>17,189,884</u>
,	17,687,933	169,834,676	187,522,609
Assets held by trustees		2,956,113	2,956,113
Deposits held in trust	· -	99,586	99,586
Total Cash	\$ 17,687,933	\$ 172,890,375	\$ 190,578,308

Bank balance of cash in bank was approximately \$21,559,573, of which \$355,695 was covered by federal depositary insurance or collateral held by the Corporation or Corporation's agent in the Corporation's name; \$21,203,878 by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Corporation's name, and \$0 was uninsured or uncollateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE D - INVESTMENTS

Investments at June 30, 2006 are summarized as follows:

Maturity (in years)											
	0-2		2	- 5	5	10	10-20	2	>20	F	air Value
Government sponsored Enterprises	\$	~	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 6,369,338	\$	_	\$	6,369,338
Mortgage-backed securities	6,664,5	599	25,5	542,273	80,0	59,444	66,498,985	415	922 (02		178,765,301 115,823,603
Repurchase agreements Private debt obligations	_	-				_		113	,823,603 556,090	'	556,090
Guarantee investment Contracts							N-min		98,630		98,630
	\$ 6,664,5	599	\$25,5	42,273	\$80,0)59,444	\$72,868,324	\$ 116	478,323		
Moncy market funds											31,361,595
Total investments										\$ 3	332,974,557
				Α	ssets he	ld by trus	stees under reven Investn		programs oncurrent	\$ 3	326,593,930 6,380,627
								Total Inv	estments	\$ 3	332,974,557

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> The Corporation does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: The Revenue Bond Funds' trust indentures authorize the trustees to invest in certificates of deposit, money market funds, U. S. government or agency obligations, and repurchase agreements. The Corporation has no investment policy that would further limit its investment decisions. As of June 30, 2006, all investments except the private debt obligations are rated $\Lambda\Lambda$ to $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ by Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poors. The private debt obligations are rated BAA to Λ .

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Corporation places no limit on the amount the Corporation may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the Corporation's investments are in the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Societe Generale, and the First American Government Obligation Fund. These investments are 47 percent, 9 percent, 25 percent, and 9 percent, respectively, of the Corporations total investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE D - INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Risk: For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that in the possession of an outside party. The Corporation's investments are uninsured and unregistered for which the securities are held by the Corporation's trust agent in the Corporation's name. The repurchase agreements are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's collateral agent but not in the Corporation's name. The underlying securities for repurchase agreements are required to be U. S. government or agency obligations of an equal or greater market value. The Corporation monitors the market value of these securities and obtains additional collateral when appropriate.

NOTE E – MORTGAGE LOANS AND NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

Mortgage loans and other notes and loans receivable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following:

	Mortgage Loans	Notes and Loans	
Mortgage loans bearing interest at 0.0% to 13.5%, maturing at various dates through 2046 Promissory note bearing interest at 9%, due 2010	\$ 73,469,589 	\$	426,100
Less current maturities	1,296,440		
	\$ 72,173,149	\$	426,100

Mortgage and development loans are collateralized by real property. The Revenue Bond Funds' mortgage loans are also subject to primary mortgage and mortgage pool insurance coverage that, subject to aggregate loss limitations, reimburses the Corporation for all losses incurred, if any, from the disposition of real property acquired through foreclosure.

The promissory note receivable from a developers totaling approximately \$426,000 is uncollateralized. The promissory note provides the Corporation with the option to acquire certain improvements constructed by the developer on January 1, 2010. If the Corporation does not exercise the option, the entire principal balance and accrued interest shall be paid over a period of 15 years in monthly installments necessary to fully amortize the outstanding amount of this note.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE F - NET INVESTMENT IN FINANCING LEASE

University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund

On November 1, 1995, the Corporation entered into a lease and sublease agreement (Agreement) with the Board of Regents, University of Hawaii (University). Under the Agreement, the Corporation leases the land under the housing project from the University for an annual rent of \$1 and then subleases the leased land, buildings and improvements and equipment back to the University. The University will make certain lease rental payments to the Corporation, including amounts sufficient to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds as the same become due and payable. The Agreement expires on June 30, 2026. Upon expiration of the Agreement, the ownership of the buildings and improvements and equipment will revert to the University.

The following lists the components of the net investment in direct financing lease as of June 30, 2006:

Total minimum lease payments to be received Less uncarned interest income	\$ 27,588,921 (11,225,841)
Net investment in direct financing lease	16,363,080
Less current portion	(499,184)
	\$ 15,863,896

The future approximate minimum lease payments to be received through 2011 and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2007	\$ 1,235,000
2008	810,000
2009	810,000
2010	810,000
2011	810,000
2012 - 2016	4,049,000
2017 - 2021	8,273,000
2022 - 2026	10,791,921
	\$ 27,588,921

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE G – REVENUE BOND FUNDS – RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

Under the trust indentures between the Corporation and the trustees for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bonds, investment assets and cash are required to be held by the trustees in various accounts and funds, including debt service reserve accounts, loan funds and mortgage loan reserve funds. The uses of these assets are restricted by the terms of the indentures.

At June 30, 2006, the following debt service reserves and mortgage loan reserves required by the indentures were included in assets held by trustees under Revenue Bond Programs.

	Single Family Mortgage
Debt service reserve requirements	Purchase \$ 23,574,000
Mortgage loan reserve requirements	1,681,000
	\$ 25,255,000

At June 30, 2006, approximately \$25 million and \$5.9 million of investment securities, at cost, were being held in the debt service reserve funds and mortgage loan reserve funds, respectively.

Under the trust indenture agreement between the Corporation and the trustee for the Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bond, the Corporation is required to provide net revenues (as defined in the trust indenture agreement) together with lawfully available funds of at least 1.25 times the aggregate debt service on outstanding bonds during the bond year. Additionally, the Corporation is to provide net revenues (as defined in the trust indenture agreement) of at least 1.10 times the aggregate debt service on outstanding bonds during the bond year. At June 30, 2006, the Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund provided net revenues (as defined in the trust indenture agreement) together with lawfully available funds of 5.23 times the aggregate debt service on outstanding bonds during the year, respectively, and net revenues (as defined in the trust indenture agreement) of 1.29 times the aggregate debt service on outstanding bonds during the year, respectively.

The trust indenture agreement also requires that the mortgage loan reserves for these Revenue Bond Funds be funded from other than bond proceeds and, accordingly, the reserves have been funded by commitment fees at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,373,410	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,373,410
Construction in progress	21,906,834	686,899	(4,446,007)	18,147,726
Total capital assets not being depreciated	24,280,244	686,899	(4,446,007)	20,521,136
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	34,670,806	2,800,185	*****	37,470,991
Equipment	1,096,574			1,096,574
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,767,380	2,800,185	- NAME	38,567,565
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	17,779,549	1,150,397	_	18,929,946
Equipment	1,072,977	10,767		1,083,744
Total accumulated depreciation	18,852,526	1,161,164	***	20,013,690
Governmental activities, net	\$ 41,195,098	\$ 2,325,920	\$ (4,446,007)	\$ 39,075,011
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 44,145,561	\$ -	\$ (142,404)	\$ 44,003,157
Construction in progress	44,688,052	11,157,827	(28,743,160)	27,102,719
Total capital assets not being depreciated	88,833,613	11,157,827	(28,885,564)	71,105,876
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	566,942,088	31,150,100	(1,823,491)	596,268,697
Equipment	12,021,018	203,013	(252,572)	11,971,459
Total capital assets being depreciated	578,963,106	31,353,113	(2,076,063)	608,240,156
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	289,752,847	17,419,013	(1,724,860)	305,466,118
Equipment	19,452,459	117,635	(132,775)	19,437,310
Total accumulated depreciation	309,205,306	17,536,648	(29,103,997)	324,903,437
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$358,591,413	\$ 24,974,293	\$(29,103,997)	\$354,442,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Current-period depreciation expense was charged to function as follows:

Governmental activities Homeless Service and Assistance Program	\$ 526,064
Rental Housing and Assistance Program	635,100
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	1,161,164
Business-type activities	
Rental Assistance Program	9,982,896
Housing Development Program	255,199
Single-family Mortgage Loan Program	805
Rental Housing Programs	7,260,819
Others	36,929
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	17,536,648
Total depreciation expense	\$18,697,812

At June 30, 2006, capital assets for the proprietary funds consisted of the following:

	Proprietary Fund Type						
	Enterprise Funds				Internal		
	Revenue Bond Funds	Federal Low-Rent Fund	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund	Other Funds	Equipment Rental	Vehicle Rental	Total
Land	\$ 16,186,850	\$ 13,089,005	\$ 3,775,631	\$ 10,951,671	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,003,157
Buildings and Improvements	129,911,799	364,552,486	8,261,174	93,543,238	_		596,268,697
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,502,121	6,784,558	208,796	1,449,672	1,517,825	508,487	11,971,459
Construction in Progress	-	27,102,719	12.245.601	105,944,581		 508.487	27,102,719 679,346,032
Less accumulated Depreciation	147,600,770 66,010,230	411,528,768 216,388,548	12,245,601 5,812,080	34,848,145	1,497,009	347,425	324,903,437
Net property and Equipment	\$ 81,590,540	\$ 195,140,220	\$ 6,433,521	\$ 71,096,436	S 20,816	\$ 161,062	S 354,442,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE I – MORTGAGE AND NOTES PAYABLE

Mortgage Payable

The Banyan Street Manor Project entered into a mortgage note agreement in October 1976 in the amount of \$1,727,800 with USGI, Inc. (insured by HUD). On September 1, 1996, Greystone Servicing Corporation, Inc. (GSCI) became the new servicing agent and mortgagee. The mortgage loan bears interest at 7.5 percent and is collateralized by the rental property. Principal and interest are payable in monthly installments of \$11,370, maturing January 1, 2018. At June 30, 2006, the mortgage payable balance was \$553,803. The balance is expected that remaining balance will be paid off by June 30, 2011.

The Kekuilani Gardens Project (Kekuilani) entered into a mortgage agreement in December 1996 in the amount of \$5,213,614 with the U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development. The mortgage loan bears interest at 7.25 percent and is collateralized by the Kekuilani Gardens Project. Principal and interest are payable in monthly installments of \$11,509 and matures on December 1, 2046. At June 30, 2006, the mortgage payable balance was \$5,082,800.

Kekuilani also entered into an interest credit and rental assistance agreement in December 1996 with the U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, which reduces Kekuilani's principal and interest payments. During the period, Kekuilani realized approximately \$256,000 of interest credit reducing the interest expense from approximately \$369,000 to \$113,000.

In addition, Kekuilani entered into a mortgage agreement in December 1996 in the amount of \$696,267 with the Rental Housing Trust Fund. The mortgage loan bears interest at 1 percent and is collateralized by the Kekuilani Gardens Project. Principal and interest are payable in monthly installments of \$1,475 and matures on January 1, 2047. At June 30, 2006, the mortgage payable balance was \$583,216.

Notes Payable

The Corporation has three mortgage notes payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration (FmHA). Two notes were originated in August 1976, and are payable in combined monthly installments of \$2,207, including interest at 1 percent, with the final combined payment due in August 2009. The third note was originated in October 1994, and is payable in monthly installments of \$1,315, including interest at 1 percent, due in October 2027. The notes are secured by property and rental receipts. Notes payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture FmHA as of June 30, 2006 totaled \$340,129.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE I - MORTGAGE AND NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

Notes Payable (continued)

Notes payable also consists of a \$171,327 unsecured promissory note payable to an individual (the former owner of Banyan Street). The entire principal balance plus accrued interest, which accrues at the same rate as the residual receipt funds held by GSCI, Inc. (approximately 1.0% for the year ended June 30, 2006), is due within 45 days of full payment of the 7.5% GSCI, Inc. mortgage note collateralized by HUD which matures on January 1, 2018.

Mortgage and notes payable activity during the year was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2005	Addition	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2006	Less Current Portion	Long Term Portion
Mortgage	\$ 6,342,924	\$ -	\$ 123,105	\$ 6,219,819	\$ 131,639	\$ 6,088,180
payable Notes payable	378,761	171,327	38,632	511,456	39,019	472,437
Total	\$ 6,721,685	\$ 171,327	\$ 161,737	\$ 6,731,275	\$ 170,658	\$ 6,560,617

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE I - MORTGAGE AND NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

The approximate debt service requirements of mortgage and notes payable through 2011 and in five-year increments thereafter to maturity are as follows:

	Principal]	Interest	 Total
Year ending June 30,		, ,			
2007	\$	171,000	\$	158,000	\$ 329,000
2008		180,000		149,000	329,000
2009		165,000		138,000	303,000
2010		175,000		127,000	302,000
2011		167,000		116,000	283,000
2012~2016		313,000		518,000	831,000
2017-2021		398,000		433,000	831,000
2022-2026		517,000		314,000	831,000
2027-2031		778,000		148,000	926,000
2032~2036		839,000		12,000	851,000
2037-2041		1,174,000		6,000	1,180,000
2042-2046		1,652,000		2,000	1,654,000
2047		202,275		~	 202,275
	\$	6,731,275	_ \$:	2,121,000	\$ 8,852,275

NOTE I - REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

Through June 30, 2006, approximately \$2,129,898,000 of revenue bonds have been issued. The revenue bonds are payable from and secured solely by the revenues and other monies and assets of the Revenue Bond Funds and other assets of the Corporation pledged under the indentures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE J - REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

Revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2006 consist of the following issuances:

Single Family Mortgage Purchase revenue bonds:

1997 Series A: Term bonds maturing annually through 2031 (5.00% to 5.75%)	\$ 15,055,000
1997 Series B:	
Serial bonds maturing annually through 2010 (4.75% to 5.00%)	9,820,000
Term bonds maturing in 2011 through 2018 (5.45%)	29,405,000
	39,225,000
1998 Series A:	
Serial bonds maturing annually through 2014 (4.75% to 5.25%)	11,525,000
Term bonds maturing annually through 2031 (4.85% to 5.40%)	38,155,000
	49,680,000
1998 Series B:	
Term bonds maturing in 2019 through 2029 (5.30%)	11,085,000
1998 Series C:	
Term bonds maturing in 2019 through 2021 (5.35%)	4,060,000
2000 Series A:	
Term bonds maturing in 2021 through 2027 (6.275%)	25,000,000
2002 Series A:	
Serial bonds maturing annually through 2013 (3.55% to 4.80%)	4,200,000
Term bonds maturing in 2014 through 2034 (4.40% to 5.38%)	19,050,000
Placed bonds maturing in 2023 through 2034 (5.38%)	3,525,000
	26,775,000
2002 Series B:	
Term bonds maturing in 2026 through 2029 (5.25%)	1,810,000
2005 Series A:	
Term bonds maturing in 2027 through 2037 (5.00%)	7,920,000
Ci. 1. E. il. Mantana Dandara arraggio	
Single Family Mortgage Purchase revenue bonds subtotal carried forward	\$180,610,000
DOUGS SUPPORT CATTLE TOT WATER	ηr ± Ο Ο , Ο • Ο , Ο Ο Ο

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE J - REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

Single Family Mortgage Purchase revenue	
bonds subtotal brought forward	\$180,610,000
V	
2005 Series B:	
Serial bonds maturing annually through 2016 (2.85% to 3.90%)	15,810,000
Term bonds maturing in 2016 through 2027 (3.70% to 4.30%)	39,320,000
	55,130,000
	,
Total Single Family Mortgage Purchase revenue bonds	\$235,740,000
<i>3</i>	
1 1	
Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bonds:	
2004 Series A:	e 444E0.000
Serial bonds maturing in 2007 through 2014 (2.10% to 3.70%)	\$ 14,150,000
Term bonds maturing in 2015 through 2034 (3.80% to 4.75%)	67,455,000
	81,605,000
2004 Series B-	
Term bonds maturing annually through 2034 (3.16%)	22,500,000
Total Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bonds	\$104,105,000
2010 11 17 1	
Multifamily Housing revenue bonds:	
1999 Series (Manana Gardens Project) – term bond maturing	\$ 3,560,000
annually through 2035 (6.30%)	\$ 3,500,000
2000 Series (Sunset Villas Project) – term bonds maturing annually	26,025,000
through 2036 (5% to 5.75%)	20,025,000
2002 Series (Hale Hoaloha Project) – mortgage installment bonds maturing	1,671,650
annually through 2028 (6.75% until 2012 and 7.75% thereafter)	1,071,050
2005 Series (Kauhale Olu Project):	
Mortgage Installment bonds maturing in 2008 (6.75%)	665,000
Mortgage Installment bonds maturing in 2036 (6.75%)	5,500,000
	6,165,000
Total Multifamily Housing revenue bonds	\$ 37,421,650
•	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE J – REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program revenue bonds:	
1995 Series:	
Serial bonds maturing in 2007 (5.00%)	\$ 415,000
Term bonds maturing annually from 2008 through 2026 (5.70% and 5.75%)	14,255,000
Total University of Hawaii Faculty Housing	
Program revenue bonds	\$ 14,670,000
Total Revenue Bonds:	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 391,936,650
Less deferred refunding amount (difference between reacquisition	
price and net carrying value of old debt)	3,334,767
Total Revenue Bonds	388,601,883
Less current portion	9,565,779
	\$ 379,036,104

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE J - REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

Interest on the Single Family Mortgage Purchase, Multifamily Housing, University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program, and Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bonds is payable semi-annually.

The Single Family Mortgage Purchase and Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bonds with designated maturity dates, the Multifamily Housing revenue bonds and the University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program revenue bonds may be redeemed at the option of the Corporation commencing in 2001 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 1991 Series, 2004 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 1994 Series, 2007 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 1997 Series, subject to a redemption premium which ranges from 2 percent to zero; 2008 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 1998 Series, subject to a redemption premium that ranges from 1.5 percent to zero; 2010 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 2000 Series, and 2014 for the Single Family Mortgage Purchase 2002 Series, 2005 for the Hawaii Rental Housing System 2004 Series, 2010 for the Multifamily Housing 1999 Series, 2011 for the 2000 Series, subject to a redemption premium which ranges from 2 percent to zero; and 2005 for the University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program 1995 Series subject to redemption premiums that range from 1 percent to zero. The revenue bonds may also be redeemed without premium prior to maturity, at the option of the Corporation, as funds become available from undisbursed bond proceeds, principal payments and prepayments of mortgages, excess amounts in the debt service reserve account or excess revenues (as defined in the bond indentures).

During the year ended June 30, 2006, early redemptions totaled \$67,700,000.

Revenue bonds activity during the year was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2006
Single Family Mortgage Purchase Multifamily Housing	\$309,065,000 31,641,208	\$ - 6,165,000	\$ 73,325,000 384,558	\$235,740,000 37,421,650
Hawaii Rental Housing System University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program	106,295,000 15,065,000	-	2,190,000 395,000	104,105,000
Less deferred refunding amount	462,066,208 3,846,604	6,165,000	76,294,558 511,837	391,936,650 3,334,767
Total	\$458,219,604	\$ 6,165,000	\$ 75,782,721	\$388,601,883

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE J - REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

The approximate annual debt service requirements through 2011 and in five-year increments thereafter to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Year ending June 30:			
2007	\$ 9,566,000	\$ 19,088,000	\$ 28,654,000
2008	10,011,000	18,684,000	28,695,000
2009	9,843,000	18,295,000	28,138,000
2010	11,885,000	17,879,000	29,764,000
2011	11,098,000	17,387,000	28,485,000
2012 - 2016	67,614,000	78,243,000	145,857,000
2017 - 2021	71,229,000	61,069,000	132,298,000
2022 - 2026	93,096,000	41,300,000	134,396,000
2027 - 2031	68,845,000	17,706,000	86,551,000
2032 - 2036	38,205,000	3,455,000	41,660,000
2037 - 2039	545,000	14,000	559,000
	\$ 391,937,000	\$ 293,120,000	\$ 685,057,000

Arbitrage Rebate

In order to ensure the exclusion of interest on the Corporation's Hawaii Rental Housing System revenue bonds and Single Family Mortgage Purchase 1989 Series A, 1990 Series A, 1991 Series A and B and 1994 Series A and B revenue bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the Corporation calculates rebates due to the U. S. Treasury annually. The rebates are calculated by bond series based on the amount by which the cumulative amount of investment income exceeds the amount that would have been earned had funds been invested at the bond yield. At June 30, 2006, the Corporation determined that \$3,015,012 of rebates was due to the U. S. Treasury.

NOTE K - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the Corporation has issued Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing developments. These bonds are special limited obligations of the Corporation, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of payments on the mortgage-backed securities. Neither the Corporation, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. The bonds are reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements along with the related assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE K - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

As of June 30, 2006, there were four series of Conduit Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$37,421,650 reported as Multifamily Housing Revenue bonds.

NOTE L - LEASES

Lease Commitments

The Corporation leases land, buildings, and improvements under various noncancellable operating leases expiring at various dates through 2056. The land lease for the Banyan Street Manor Project contains the option to purchase the fee-simple interest in the land at any time for a specified percentage of fair market value at the time of purchase.

The minimum rental commitments under operating leases through 2011 and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

Year ending June 30,		
2007	\$ 640	,000
2008	652	2,000
2009	57.	,000
2010	492	2,000
2011	505	5,000
2012 – 2016	2,732	2,000
2017 – 2021	3,119	,000
2022 – 2026	3,332	2,000
2027 – 2031	3,878	3,000
2032 – 2036	3,639	,000
2037 – 2041	4,294	f,000
2042 – 2046	4,367	7,000
2047 – 2051	5,153	3,000
2052 – 2056	5,240	0,000
	\$ 38,614	1,000

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2006 totaled approximately \$568,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE L – LEASES (continued)

Lease Rentals

The Corporation leases land with a carrying value of approximately \$2,653,000 to various developers and home buyers. The leases are generally for 55 years with the last 25 years' lease rent negotiated based on the fair market value of the land. Rent income for the year ended June 30, 2006 was approximately \$361,000.

The future minimum lease rent from these operating leases at June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2007	\$ 330,000
2008	309,000
2009	307,000
2010	305,000
2011	304,000
2012 - 2016	1,570,000
2017 - 2021	1,537,000
2022 - 2026	1,206,000_
	\$ 5,868,000

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Loan Guarantee

The Corporation has guaranteed up to \$40,000,000 of the mortgage loans sold by it to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS). Upon the 120th day of any delinquency or default, the Corporation is obligated to cure the arrearage of principal and interest or buy back the delinquent loan. At June 30, 2006, the outstanding balance of mortgage loans that have been sold to the ERS which are covered by the loan guarantee was approximately \$155,000. At June 30, 2006, notes and loans receivables did not include any delinquent loans purchased back from the ERS.

Construction Contracts

At June 30, 2006, the Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund had outstanding commitments to expend approximately \$26,551,000 for the construction and renovation of housing projects and there were no outstanding commitments to fund interim loans for various projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

The Capital Projects Fund and the Fiduciary Funds had outstanding construction contract commitments of approximately \$4,939,000 at June 30, 2006.

Development Costs

The Kapolei development project primarily consists of eight residential villages and certain commercial parcels spread over approximately 888 acres of land. As of June 30, 2006, all but 18 acres of residential and 43 acres of commercial land has been substantially developed and sold. The estimated future cost of land sold relates primarily to the completion of certain off-site improvements at this project. This liability reflects amounts charged to the cost of land sold in excess of costs incurred. Management believes that the future revenues from this project will meet or exceed the net amount of this liability and the remaining costs to be incurred on the project.

Additionally, the Corporation has been in the process of developing two master planned communities on the neighbor islands – the Leialii project located in the West Maui area and the Laiopua project located in North Kona. As large portions of these projects are located on public trust ("ceded") land owned by the State of Hawaii, and subject to lawsuits seeking to prevent the Corporation's sale or transfer of this land, these projects have been delayed indefinitely. As of June 30, 2006, the Corporation has remaining development rights related to the second phase of the Leiali'i project and 57 acres of the Laiopua project. Development costs related to the Leialii project were approximately \$18.9 million at June 30, 2006. Management believes that the future revenues from this project will meet or exceed the aggregate of the development costs at June 30, 2006 and the remaining costs to be incurred.

Additionally, the Corporation has other developments costs and dwelling units of approximately \$2.1 million at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Torts

The Corporation is involved in various actions, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and the Attorney General, will not have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position except for the OHA lawsuit described below. Losses, if any, are either covered by insurance or will be a liability against the State of Hawaii.

Workers' Compensation Policy

The Corporation has a retrospectively rated workers' compensation insurance policy. Based on available claim experience information, the minimum premium accrued for financial statement reporting purposes approximates the Corporation's ultimate workers' compensation cost.

Accumulated Sick Leave Pay

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limitation. It may be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a State employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS). Accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2006 amounted to approximately \$6,122,000.

Deferred Compensation Plan

In 1984, the State established a deferred compensation plan, which enables State employees to defer a portion of their compensation. The State Department of Human Resources Development has the fiduciary responsibility of administering the plan. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforesceable emergency.

Litigation

In November 1994, the Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) filed a claim against the Corporation seeking declaratory and injunctive relief and for monetary damages pursuant to Sections 632-1 and 66-1 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes. The claim relates to certain ceded lands located in Lahaina, Maui. OHA seeks the following relief: (1) barring the Corporation from conveying and alienating the subject land from the public land trust and (2) finding any conveyance to a third party not an agency of the State or its political subdivision in violation of the Hawaii State Constitution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Litigation (continued)

In its claim, OHA also alleges that the Corporation is in violation of the Hawaii Revised Statutes Section 10-3.6 and Act 318, SLH 1992. In 1992, the Legislature enacted Act 318, which sets forth a plan to compensate OHA for land from the public land trust which was to be conveyed from the State Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) to the Corporation for housing developments. Under Act 318, OHA is to be compensated 20 percent of the fair market value of ceded lands. OHA maintains that the fair market value of the Lahaina ceded lands was determined in May 1994. In November 1994, the ceded lands were conveyed from DLNR to the Corporation and a check for 20 percent of the fair market value of the property in the amount of \$5,573,604 was presented to OHA. OHA claims that a timely appraisal was not performed, 90 days before the date of conveyance, and that the conveyance of the Lahaina property was illegal. The payment was rejected by OHA and a liability remains outstanding as of June 30, 2006. In the event that OHA is not granted the injunctive and declaratory relief it seeks, OHA requests for a timely re-appraisal of the fair market value of the Lahaina ceded lands and payment in accordance with Act 318. The Corporation maintains that the fair market value was determined in August 1994 and therefore complies with the requirements of Act 318.

In November 1994, several individuals filed a claim similar to the OHA claim against DLNR and the Corporation seeking to enjoin the sale or transfer of certain ceded lands located in Lahaina, Maui, from the State to private individuals or entities. The claim alleges that the State does not have good marketable title of the ceded lands and any such sale or transfer would constitute an illegal conversion of lands. The plaintiffs seek an injunctive relief barring the Corporation from sale or transfer of the Lahaina ceded lands.

In response to the above claims, the State Department of Attorney General issued, in July 1995, its opinion as to whether the State has legal authority to sell or dispose of ceded lands. The Attorney General concluded that the State has been and remains empowered to sell trust lands subject to the terms of the trust.

The above claims have resulted in delays in the Leiali'i and La'i'opua Master Planned Community projects. The Corporation is presently evaluating alternatives and remains optimistic and committed to these projects. The Corporation will continue to work with innovation and creativity to resolve these concerns fairly, while still delivering quality houses in quality communities.

In 1994, an action was filed by OHA against the State and various unnamed parties claiming the State's alleged failure to properly account for and pay to OHA monies due to OHA, under Article XII of the Hawaii State Constitution and Chapter 10 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, for occupation by the State on certain ceded lands, as more fully described below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Litigation (continued)

In December, 2002, following a trial on the issues, the trial court confirmed the State's authority to sell ceded lands, denied the declaratory ruling that the sale of ceded lands did not directly or indirectly release or limit Hawaiian's claims to those lands which the plaintiffs requested, and ordered that judgment be entered in the State's and Corporation's favor as to Counts I, II, and III of the Amended Complaint. The plaintiffs moved for and were granted leave to file immediate appeals from the court's rulings to the Hawaii Supreme Court. Those appeals are now pending. Trial to determine the sufficiency of the proceeds paid to OHA by the Corporation and the State from the sale of ceded lands at issue has not been scheduled.

The ultimate outcome of appeal cannot presently be determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability nor its effect on the projects' net realizable value, if any, that may result upon adjudication, has been made in the accompanying statement of net assets.

It has been alleged but without certainty that payments received by the Corporation for all projects developed on ceded lands are subject to the above claim. However, the ultimate outcome of the litigation and its effect on the Corporation, if any, cannot presently be determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability, if any, that may result from the resolution of this matter has been made in the statement of net assets.

In May 2004, public housing tenants filed a claim against the Corporation seeking declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to U.S.C. §2201-02 & Rule 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to adjust the Corporation's utility allowances to reflect changes in utility costs. The claim relates to the requirement per United States Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. §1437(a)(1), which requires that shelter costs for tenants residing in federally subsidized public housing projects do not exceed 30% of tenant income.

The plaintiffs allege the Corporation has failed to review or update the utility allowances for all projects since 1997. In establishing the utility allowances, the Corporation must annually review the utility allowances and make adjustments to reflect changes in the basis upon which the allowances are based. Additionally, where there is a change in the rates upon which the allowance is based of greater than 10%, the Corporation must make interim adjustments to its allowances. Also, the plaintiffs allege that since its last updated utility allowance, utility rates have increased substantially resulting in inadequate utility allowances and rent charges in excess of 30 percent of tenant income.

In August 2004, public housing disabled tenants filed a similar claim alleging the Corporation's failure to provide appropriate utility allowance as required by federal law and HUD regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Litigation (continued)

The ultimate outcome of the litigation and its effect on the Corporation, if any, cannot be presently determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability, if any, that may result from the resolution of this matter has been made in the statement of net assets.

Ceded Lands

OHA et al. v. State of Hawaii, Civil No. 94-0205-01 (First Circuit)

The lands transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii at Hawaii's annexation to the United States in 1898 are commonly referred to as the ceded lands. Upon Hawaii's admission to the Union in 1959, title to ceded lands still held by the United States and to lands, which the United States acquired, by exchange for ceded lands after 1898 was conveyed by the United States to the State of Hawaii. Section 5 of the Admission Act expressly provided that those lands were to be held by the State as a public trust. Certain rental housing projects of the Corporation are situated on parcels of land, which are to be held by the State as a public trust under Section 5.

In 1979, the State legislature (the "Legislature") adopted HRS Chapter 10 ("Chapter 10,"), which, as amended in 1980, specified, among other things, that OHA expend 20 percent of all funds derived by the State from the Ceded Lands for the betterment of Native Hawaiians.

In 1987, in Trustees of the Office of Hawaiian Affairs v. Yamasaki, 69 Haw. 154 (1987) ("Yamasaki"), the Hawaii Supreme Court concluded that Chapter 10 was insufficiently clear regarding the amount of monies OHA was entitled to receive from the public trust lands.

In 1990, in response to Yamasaki, the Legislature adopted Act 304, Session Laws of Hawaii 1990, which (i) defined "public land trust" and "revenue," (ii) reiterated that 20 percent of the now defined "revenue" derived from the "public land trust" was to be expended by OHA for the betterment of native Hawaiians, and (iii) established a process for OHA and the Director of Finance of the State jointly to determine the amount of monies which the State would pay OHA to retroactively settle all of OHA's claims for the period June 16, 1980 through June 30, 1991. Since fiscal year 1992 and until the first quarter of fiscal year 2002, the State, through its departments and agencies paid 20 percent of "revenues" to OHA on a quarterly basis.

On January 14, 1994, OHA filed suit against the State alleging that the State failed to properly account for and fully pay the pro rata share of proceeds and income derived from the lands of public trust established by the Admission Act and the 1978 amendments to the State Constitution. OHA seeks an accounting of all proceeds and income, funds and revenues derived from the lands since 1978, and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Ceded Lands (continued)

OHA et al. v. State of Hawaii, Civil No. 94-0205-01 (First Circuit)(continued)

restitution or damages amounting to 20 percent of the proceeds and income derived from (a) the lands since November 7, 1978, (b) the lands since June 16, 1980, and (c) the lands under Act 304, Session Laws of Hawaii 1990, as well as interest thereon. The State has denied all of OHA's substantive allegations, and asserted its sovereign immunity from suit and other jurisdictional and claim-barring defenses.

In May 1996, OHA filed four motions for partial summary judgment as to the State's liability to pay OHA 20 percent of monies from four specific sources, including rental housing projects of the Corporation situated on public trust lands. The State opposed those four motions. The State also filed a motion to dismiss on sovereign immunity grounds.

On October 24, 1996, the Circuit Court of the First Circuit of the State of Hawaii (First Circuit Court) denied the State's motion to dismiss and granted OHA's four motions for partial summary judgment. The State has filed an interlocutory appeal to the Hawaii Supreme Court from both orders. All other proceedings have been stayed pending the Hawaii Supreme Court's disposition of the appeal.

OHA's complaint and motions do not specify the State's alleged failures, nor do they state the dollar amount of the claims. The First Circuit Court's October 24, 1996 order granting OHA's motions for partial summary judgment did not determine the amounts owing. The basis and methodology for calculating any such amount are being disputed. OHA has not provided complete information for its claims for the period from 1981 through 1991, and has provided no information as to its claims for the period from 1991 to the present. The expert witness retained by OHA in this case has estimated that the State's potential liability for the four sources specified in OHA's summary judgment motions for the years 1981 through 1991 (but not thereafter) to be not less than \$178,000,000, of which approximately \$9,200,000 is related to gross rental income derived by the Corporation.

On June 30, 1997, the Governor approved Act 329, Session Laws of Hawaii, 1997. The purpose of this Act was to achieve a comprehensive, just and lasting resolution of all controversies relating to the proper management and disposition of the lands subject to public trust, and of the proceeds and income, which the lands generate. The Act also fixes the amount of proceeds and income OHA will receive during the two-year period at \$15.1 million per year, and requires the completion, continued maintenance, and use of a comprehensive inventory of the public trust lands.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Ceded Lands (continued)

OHA et al. v. State of Hawaii, Civil No. 94-0205-01 (First Circuit) (continued)

On September 12, 2001 the Hawaii Supreme Court concluded by holding that Act 304 was effectively repealed by its own terms, and that there was no judicial management standard, by which to determine whether OHA was entitled to the revenues it sought because the repeal of Act 304 revived the law which the court in Yamasaki had previously concluded was insufficiently clear to establish how much OHA was entitled to receive. The Supreme Court dismissed this case for lack of justicability. Immediately thereafter, agencies ceased paying OHA any receipts from the ceded lands.

The Legislature took no action during the 2002 and 2003 legislative sessions to establish a new mechanism for establishing how much OHA was to receive. On January 23, 2003, and pending legislative action to establish such a mechanism, the Governor issued Executive Order No. 03-03 directing state agencies to resume transferring receipts from the ceded lands to OHA. During the 2003 legislative session, the Legislature appropriated moneys from the various funds into which the ceded lands receipts had been deposited and directed the agencies to pay them to OHA. During the 2004 legislative session, the Legislature did not appropriate any moneys from the various funds. OHA continues to pursue its claims for a portion of the revenues from the ceded lands.

OHA et al. v. HHA et al., Civil No. 95-2682-07 (First Circuit)

On July 27, 1995, OHA filed suit against the Hawaii Housing Authority and the State Director of Finance to secure additional compensation and an itemized accounting of the sums previously paid to OHA for five specifically identified parcels of ceded lands, which were transferred to the Authority for rental housing projects. On January 11, 2000, all proceedings in this suit were stayed pending the Hawaii Supreme Court's decision in the State's appeal.

The State's potential liability, if any, therefore, may be determined either (1) by the ruling by the Hawaii Supreme Court on the State's interlocutory appeal and, if such ruling is adverse to the State, the conclusion of any subsequent trial and related appeals, or (2) by legislation enacted as a result of the process set out in Act 329. Given all of the above, and the uncertain timing of any final disposition of the case, the State is not able to predict either the ultimate outcome of the case, or the magnitude of its potential liability, if any, with any reasonable certainty. A legislative resolution or judicial decision adverse to the State could have a material adverse effect on the State's financial condition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Ceded Lands (continued)

OHA et al. v. HHA et al., Civil No. 95-2682-07 (First Circuit) (continued)

A legislative resolution or judicial decision adverse to the State could have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial condition if an adverse resolution or decision against the State includes liability for gross rental income derived by the Corporation from rental housing projects situated on lands in the public trust and the liability is imposed upon the Corporation. However, the ultimate outcome of the litigation and its effect on the Corporation, if any, cannot be determined. Accordingly, no estimate of loss has been made in the accompanying statement of net assets of the Corporation.

HUD Examination

In September 2002, HUD conducted a limited review of the Corporation's policies and procedures over procurement and contracting and the obligation and expenditure of Comprehensive Grant and Capital Fund Program funds. Based on the results of this limited review, HUD found several findings in these areas. The findings include the improper procurement of a construction contract totaling approximately \$771,000 to a construction company for repairs and maintenance of a housing project operated by the Corporation. During the fiscal year 2004, the Corporation made a payment to HUD of \$771,000 for the amounts paid under the construction contract.

As a result of the review, in September 2002, HUD issued a Corrective Action Order (CAO) for the Corporation. The CAO required that the Corporation, to perform certain corrective actions, including, but not limited to performing an assessment to identify improvements in its operations.

During 2005, as a result of the corrective action taken by the Corporation, HUD closed all findings identified in the CAO. Subsequently, allowing the Corporation to take the maximum points allowed under the Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS).

PHAS scores the Corporation on its Capital Fund Program by reviewing the unexpended funds, timeliness of fund obligation, contract administration, quality of physical work and budget controls. An on-site confirmatory review completed in December 2005 by the HUD Honolulu Office confirmed that the Corporation has met the highest level of performance under the Capital Fund Programs as required under PHAS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Memorandum of Agreement with HUD

In accordance with the provisions of its Low Rent Public Housing Annual Contribution Contract with HUD, if the Corporation's performance evaluation results in a designation as a "troubled" public housing agency, as defined by the provisions of Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) as codified at 24 CFR Part 902, the Corporation must enter into a binding contractual agreement designated as a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with HUD for the purpose of improving its performance.

On September 30, 2004, the Corporation and HUD entered into an MOA, thereby requiring the Corporation to comply with certain terms and conditions, including but not limited to meeting certain performance targets, implementing prescribed strategies, and meeting certain timelines for improvement, including written progress reports.

On November 22, 2005, HUD removed the "troubled" agency status noting that the Corporation made significant progress in achieving the targets and strategies under the MOA. The Corporation received a PHAS score of 73 points out of 100 points.

NOTE N - RETIREMENT PLAN

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

All eligible employees of the State and Counties are required by Chapter 88 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes to become members of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The ERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for ERS. That report may be obtained from them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE N - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The ERS consists of a contributory plan and a noncontributory plan. Employees covered by Social Security on June 30, 1984 were given the option of joining the noncontributory plan or remaining in the contributory plan. All new employees hired after June 30, 1984, who are covered by Social Security, are generally required to join the noncontributory plan. Both plans provide a monthly retirement allowance based on the employee's age, years of credited service, and average final compensation (AFC). The AFC is the average salary carned during the five highest paid years of service, including the vacation payment, if the employee became a member prior to January 1, 1971. The AFC for members hired on or after this date is based on the three highest paid years of service excluding the vacation payment. All benefits vest after five and ten years of credited service for the contributory and noncontributory plans, respectively. All contributions, benefits and eligibility requirements are governed by Chapter 88.

Funding Policy

Most covered employees of the contributory plan are required to contribute 7.8 percent of their salary. Police officers, firefighters, investigators of the department of the prosecuting attorney and the attorney general, narcotics enforcement investigators, and public safety investigators are required to contribute 12.2 percent of their salary. The actuarial cost or funding method used to calculate the total employer contribution required is the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the total employer contributions to the ERS is comprised of normal cost plus level annual payments required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the closed period ending June 30, 2029.

There was approximately \$1,869,000 of employer contributions (contributory and non-contributory) for the year ended June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE O – POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the State provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all employees hired prior to July 1, 1996 who retire from State employment on or after attaining age 62 with at least ten years of service or age 55 with at least thirty years of service under the noncontributory plan and age 55 with at least five years of service under the contributory plan. Retirees credited with at least ten years of service excluding sick leave credit qualify for free medical insurance premiums; however, retirees with less than ten years must assume a portion of the monthly premiums. All service-connected disability retirees who retired after June 30, 1984, with less than ten years of service also qualify for free medical insurance premiums. Free life insurance coverage for retirees and free dental coverage for dependents under age 19 is also available. Retirees covered by the medical portion of Medicare are eligible to receive a reimbursement of a portion of the basic medical coverage premiums.

For employees hired after July 1, 1996 and retire with fewer than twenty-five years of service, the State shall pay to a fund a monthly contribution equal to one-half of the retired employee's monthly Medicare or non-Medicare premium for certain medical benefits for retired employees with ten or more years of service; and seventy-five percent of the retired employee's monthly Medicare or non-Medicare premium for retired employees with at least fifteen but fewer than twenty-five years of service.

Contributions are based upon negotiated collective bargaining agreements, and are funded by the Corporation as accrued.

The Corporation's general fund share of the post-retirement benefits expense for the year ended June 30, 2006 has not been separately computed and is not reflected in the Corporation's financial statements. The Corporation's enterprise funds' and special revenue funds' share of the post-retirement health care and life insurance benefits expense for the year ended June 30, 2006 approximated \$909,000 and is included in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE P - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As discussed in Note M, management executed an agreement during December 2004 to transfer certain land and development rights to DHHL for \$33 million to be paid in 15 annual payments of \$2.2 million, with no provision for interest.

The Rental Assistance Fund and Section 8 Existing and Housing Voucher Programs provide rent subsidies to certain lessees of the Corporation's various projects. Total rent subsidies provided to lessees of the Corporation's various projects approximated \$1,112,000 and \$400,000 during the year ended June 30, 2006. These amounts have been recorded by the Corporation as rental income in the Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund, Wilikina Apartments Project, and Kekumu at Waikoloa Project. In addition, the Corporation relocated its offices to the Pohulani building in September 1992. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund recorded rental income of approximately \$989,000, which was allocated as office rental expense to various funds of the Corporation. In addition, the State Department of Accounting and General Services (DAGS) incurred \$967,000 in rent to the Hawaii Rental Housing System Revenue Bond Fund for leased space in the Pohulani building. The term of the lease with DAGS is from September 1992 through August 2022. The minimum annual rental is determined by multiplying the previous year's minimum annual rent by one hundred three percent (103%).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE Q – SEGMENT INFORMATION

In addition to the revenue bond funds reported as major proprietary funds, the Corporation has also issued revenue bonds to finance multifamily rental housing projects and provide interim and/or permanent financing for the construction or rehabilitation of affordable rental housing projects. Investors in the revenue bonds rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual activities for repayment.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets (\$ in thousands)

	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund
Λ ssets:		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 402
Investment in financing lease		16,363
Receivables	7,976	28
Assets held by trustees	30,279	_
Other assets	290	281
Total assets	\$ 38,545	\$ 17,074
Liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 37,422	\$ 14,670
Other liabilities	746	209
Total liabilities	38,168	14,879
Net Assets -		
Unrestricted	377	2,195
Total net assets	377	2,195
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 38,545	\$ 17,074

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE Q – SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (\$ in thousands)

(**	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund
Revenues:		Ф 770
Interest	\$ 440 125	\$ 772
Other	125	
Total revenues	565	772
Expenses:		
Interest	2,138	_
Other operating expenses	107	19
Total expenses	2,245	19
Operating (loss) income	(1,680)	753
Nonoperating Income (Expenses): Interest income Net increase in fair	1,789	-
value of investments	(1,779)	
Interest expense	_	(835)
Other	(6)	18
Total nonoperating income (expenses)	4	(817)
Change in net assets	(1,676)	(64)
Net Assets at July 1, 2005	2,053	2,259
Net Assets at June 30, 2006	\$ 377	\$ 2,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE Q – SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (\$ in thousands)

	Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by: Operating activities Non-capital and related financing activities Capital and related financing activities	\$ (7,869) - 5,780	\$ 1,263 - (1,235)
Investing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,396	28
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005	8	374
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	\$ 315	\$ 402

NOTE R – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Due from	Housing Voucher Program		Vou		Secti	on 8	Re	Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund		ederal w Rent rogram	Nonmajor – Proprietary
General Fund	S	-	s	_	S		S		\$ 77,412		
Housing Voucher Program		-				2,508		1,437	2,289,393		
Section 8		-		-		210		1,594	90,258		
Dwelling Unit Revolving Fund				-				-	84,660		
Single Family		-		-		-			130,859		
Federal Low-Rent Program		- 4		-		44,407	.3	69,835	1,604,762		
Hawaii Rental Housing System		-		-		-			101,665		
Internal Services						-		-	59,513		
Nonmajor - Proprietary	1,70	15,000	832,	566		415,000	3,4	86,453	5,104,648		
Nonmajor - Government		-							10,644		
TOTAL	\$1,70	05,000	\$832	,566	S	462,125	\$3,8	59,319	\$9,553,814		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

NOTE R – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

All other balances are due to interfund goods or services provided or reimbursable expenditures and payments between funds.

NOTE S - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 1, 2006, the Corporation redeemed \$11,325,000 of outstanding revenue bonds from the Single Family Mortgage Purchase Revenue Bond Fund, including \$5,795,000 of early redemptions.

In accordance with Act 196, SLH 2005, the Corporation will be split into two organizations to more effectively concentrate on the development of affordable housing. The legislature found that the State's role in maintaining affordable housing in Hawaii has evolved into two parts: (1) Administering the State's public housing programs; and (2) Financing and developing affordable housing. Effective July 1, 2006 the Corporation will be bifurcated into (1) the Hawaii public housing administration and (2) the Hawaii housing finance and development administration.

NOTE T - NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements applicable to the Corporation:

- Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities/assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. This Statement is effective for financial statements period beginning after December 15, 2007. The Corporation has not yet analyzed the potential effect on the financial statements, if any, of adopting Statement No. 45.
- Statement No. 48 "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues of Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues" establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for transactions in which a government receives, or is entitled to, resources in exchange for future cash flows generated by collecting specific receivables for specific future revenues. This Statement is effective for financial statements period beginning after December 15, 2006 and is not expected to have a material effect on the Corporation's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund					
	Original budget	Final budget	Budgetary Actual			
Revenues - State allotted appropriations	\$ 8,388,167	\$ 13,779,723	\$ 13,672,761			
Expenditures: Homeless service and assistance program Rental housing and assistance program	6,566,670 1,821,497	11,951,459 1,828,264	11,853,174 1,819,587			
REVENUES EQUALS EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ -	\$			
	Но	using Voucher Prog	gram			
	Original budget	Final budget	Budgetary Actual			
Revenues - HUD contributions	\$ 17,674,550	\$ 17,431,614	\$ 16,542,335			
Expenditures - Rental housing and assistance program	17,674,550	17,431,614	16,960,580			
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (418,245)			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

	Section 8 Contract Administration					
	Or	iginal budget		Final budget		Budgetary Actual
Revenues HUD contributions	\$	35,950,963	\$	28,686,927		18,957,619
Expenditures Rental housing and assistance program		35,950,963		28,686,927		19,226,900
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(269,281)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

	Gen	eral Fund	Housing Voucher Program		(Section 8 Contract ministration
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other sources and uses - actual on budgetary basis	\$	-	\$	(418,245)	\$	(269,281)
Reserve for encumberance at year end*		5,967,465		-		-
Expenditures for liquidation of prior year's encumbrances		(621,743)		-		-
Reversion of prior year's allotments		(63,258)		-		-
Accrual adjustments and other		535,097		(162,456)		(20,001)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - US GAAP BASIS	\$	5,817,561	\$	(580,701)	\$	(289,282)

^{*} Amount reflects the encumbrance balance included in continuing appropriation.



Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2006

Total	\$ 8,195 338,715	\$ 346,910		s 328,053 10,644	8,213	346,910			\$ 346,910
Other	\$ 58 294,151	\$ 294,209		\$ 286,188 7,945	76	294,209	1	,	\$ 294,209
HOPWA	\$ 7,869 17,655	\$ 25,524		\$ 14,956 2,699	7,869	25,524	1	•	\$ 25,524
Shelter Plus Care	\$ 25 25 26,909	\$ 26,934		\$ 26,909	25	26,934		,	\$ 26,934
Drug Elimination Program	\$ 243	\$ 243		S	243	243	1	•	\$ 243
ASSETS	Current Assets: Cash Due from HUD	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	Due to HUD	Total current liabilities Fund Balance -	Unreserved	Total fund balances	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total	\$ 1,753,796	2,103,796	2,168,413	2,175,499	(71,703)	71,703	- *
Other	\$ 1,161,613	1,511,613	1,576,230	1,583,316	(71,703)	71,703	. s
HOPWA Program	\$ 198,761	198,761	198,761	198,761	,	ı	-
Sheiter Plus Care	\$ 393,422	393,422	393,422	393,422	t	4	S
Drug Elimination Program	49	a de la constante de la consta			•		·
	Revenue: Intergovernmental – HUD annual contributions and others State allotted appropriations, net of lapsed funds	Total revenues	Expenditures: Administration Professional services	Total expenditures	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	Fund Balance at July 1, 2005	Fund Balance at June 30, 2006

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

June 30, 2006

Tota	\$ 76,180,099 413,269 2,644,503 166,153 773,931 3,997,856	192,570 9,228,814 163,438 499,184 190,247 99,586 18,106	90,569,900 315,792 29,963,575 30,279,367	6,380,627 63,064,590 426,100 517,712 325,000 15,863,896 262,495 8,506,200 71,096,436
Miscellaneous Funds	\$ 71,626,320 387,042 2,486,531 166,709 3,040,282	8,134,731 101,007 137,874 6,898	83,047,112	6,380,627 55,254,167
Other Funds	\$ 4,152,000 32,966 166,153 564,689 763,808	192,570 804,516 62,431 52,373 92,688	6,120,386	426,100 517,712 325,000 - - 8,506,200 71,096,436
Revenue Bond Funds	\$ 401,779 26,227 125,006 42,533 193,766	289,567 499,184	315,792 29,963,575 30,279,367	7,810,423
ASSETS	Ourrent Assets: Cash Receivables: Mortgage loans Accrued interest Tenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts Other	Due from HUD Due from other funds Inventories- materials and supplies, less allowance Net investment in financing lease Prepaid expenses and other assets Deposits held in trust Deferred bond issuance costs	Total current assets Assets Held by Trustees Under Revenue Bond Programs: Cash and cash equivalent Investments	Investments Mortgage Loans, net of current portion Notes and Loans, net of current portion Notes and Loans, net of current portion Other Receivables Advances to Other Funds Net Investment in Financing Lease, net of current portion Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, net of current portion Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation

\$ 287,292,323

144,681,906

\$ 86,991,834

55,618,583

TOTAL ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

June 30, 2006

LIABILITIES AND FUND NET ASSETS	Revenue Bond Funds	Other Funds	Miscellaneous Funds	Ţ	Total
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable		\$ 114,946	\$ 740,216	W	855,162
Accrued expenses:	938 474	,	•		938 474
Other	8,075	649,737	276,504		934,316
Due to other funds	8,268	4,227,793	7,307,606	<u>~</u>	11,543,667
Due to HUD		9,712	•		9,712
Due to State of Hawaii	,		25,000		25,000
Security deposits	3	303,500	474,441		777,941
Mortgage payable		131,639	,		131,639
Deferred Income	•	4,852			4,852
Revenue bonds payable, less deferred refunding cost	825,779				825,779
Total current liabilities	1,780,596	5,442,179	8,823,767		16,046,542
Note payable, net of current portion Montgage payable, net of current portion Revenue Bonds Payable, net of current portion	51,265,871	171,327 6,088,180		ıΩ	171,327 6,088,180 51,265,871
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted by legislation and contractual agreements Unrestricted	30,279,367	64,705,290 8,506,200 2,078,658	135,858,139	9 3 11	64,705,290 38,785,567 110,229,546
Total net assets	2,572,116	75,290,148	135,858,139	21	213,720,403
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 55,618,583	\$ 86,991,834	\$ 144,681,906	\$ 28	287,292,323

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

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Total	\$ 2,325,572 4,522,123 16,993,834 5,332,791	29,174,320	2,622,869 3,608,879 2,453,572	1,677,471 1,030,413 172,876 283,717	1,301,886	1,391,645 22,034 2,137,558 418,830	17,190,418	4,808,060 (2,529,558) (1,011,313) (7,190) (18,515) 36,952	1,278,936	250,013 \$ 13,512,851
Miscellaneous Funds	\$ 1,113,651 16,993,834 4,478,946	22,586,431	2,622,869 1,990,458	1,677,471 359,758 - 137,691	6,804 52,178	6,390	7,004,983	2,569,939 (750,227) (11,390)	1,808,322	(5,034) \$ 17,384,736
Other Funds	\$ 4,522,123 - 728,867	5,250,990	1,595,275 2,453,572	660,832 172,876 111,289	1,857 60,326 1,249,627	1,391,645 15,560 209,229	7,922,088	448,743 (164,683)	284,060	255,047 \$ (2,131,991)
Revenue Bond Funds	s 1,211,921	1,336,899	23,146	9,823	62 62 81	84 2,137,558 58,353	2,263,347	1,789,378 (1,778,831) (835,240) (7,190) (18,515) 36,952	(813,446)	\$ (1,739,894)
	Operating Revenues: Interest on mortgages, notes, loans, mortgage-backed securities, and net investment in financing lease (note J) Rental Conveyance tax Other	Total operating revenues	Operating Expenses: Project Personal services Denrectation	Housing assistance payments Administration Provision for losses Porfessional services	Security Insurance Repairs and maintenance	Utilities Capital expenditures Interest expense Other	Total operating expenses Operating (loss) income	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income - cash and investments Net decrease in fair value of investments Interest expense Trustee tees Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs Other revenues	Total nonoperating (expenses) revenues	Net Operating Transfers CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

June 30, 2006

Total	\$ 200,207,552	13,512,851	\$ 213,720,403
Miscellaneous Funds	s 118,473,403	17,384,736	\$ 135,858,139
Other Funds	\$ 77,422,139	(2,131,991)	\$ 75,290,148
Revenue Bond Funds	\$ 4,312,010	(1,739,894)	\$ 2,572,116
	Net Assets at July 1, 2005	Change in Net Assets	Net Assets at June 30, 2006

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Jurie 30, 2006

originations est est (2,112,739) yees (2,112,739) yees (109,878) (2,146) (1,109,878) (2,146) (1,112,739) (2,146) (1,112,739) (2,146) (1,112,739) (2,112,739) (2,112,739) (2,112,739) (2,112,739) (2,112,739) (2,112,739) (1,112,739) (2,112,739) (1,112,739) (2,112,739) (1	(1,595,275) (3,466,149) 959,862 24,612 120,804 (1,002) (1,002)	16,975,854 (5,444,471) (1,964,667) (4,320,321) (1,454,356) 3,959,426 12,749,629 12,749,629 (11,390)	3,722,248 1,325,603 1,249,521 16,993,834 (6,165,000) (5,444,471) (2,112,739) (3,583,088) (7,896,348) (7,896,348) (7,896,348) (7,896,348) (3,583,088) (12,392) (12,392) 188,536
	1 10	(5,034)	(5,034)
ncapital financing activities		i i	3,421,112
Subtotal carried forward \$ (6,605,376) \$ 3	308,338	15,983,207 \$	9,686,169

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

June 30, 2006

	Rev	Revenue Bond Funds	Other Funds	Miscellaneous Funds	ALTI-William de Hand	Total
Subtotal brought forward	8	(6,605,376)	\$ 308,338	\$ 15,983,207	S	9,686,169
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Principal paid on revenue bond maturities and redemptions Other financing source - new bond issuance Interest paid on revenue bonds Payments for acquisition of property and equipment	w.	(779,558) 6,165,000 (840,029)	(476,776)			(779,558) 6,165,000 (840,029) (476,776)
Frincipal payments on mortgage loans Payments of interest Other		() I	(122,864) (163,681) 107,561			(122,864) (163,681) 107,561
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		4,545,413	(655,760)			3,889,653
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchases of investments Proceeds from maturities of investments Receipts of interest Net increase in restricted deposits and funded reserves		(1,404,012) 2,039,679 1,760,442	401,580 (1,049,764)	1,723 2,524,174		(1,404,012) 2,041,402 4,686,196 (1,049,764)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		2,396,109	(648,184)	2,525,897		4,273,822
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		336,146	(995,506)	18,509,104		17,849,644
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005		381,425	5,147,606	53,117,216		58,646,247
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	64	717,571	\$ 4,152,000	s 71,626,320	65	76,495,891
Reconciliation of Cash to Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash Money market funds	vs	401,779	\$ 4,152,000	\$ 71,626,320	€3	76,180,099 315,792
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	69	717,571	\$ 4,152,000	\$ 71,626,320	S	76,495,891

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

June 30, 2006

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR REVENUE BOND FUNDS

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une
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Total	\$ 401,779	26,227	42,533	289,567	18,106	1,402,402	315,792 29,963,575	7,810,423 15,863,896 262,495	\$ 55,618,583		\$ 938,474 8,075 8,268 825,779	1,780,596	51,265,871	30,279,367	2,572,116	\$ 55,618,583
University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund	s 401,779		28,105	490 904	18,106	947,174		15,863,896 262,495	S 17,073,565		\$ 207,613 - 1,432 415,000	624,045	14,255,000	2,194,520	2,194,520	\$ 17,073,565
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	. €9	26,227 125,006	14,428	289,567		455,228	315,792 29,963,575	7,810,423	\$ 38,545,018		\$ 730,861 8,075 6,836 410,779	1,156,551	37,010,871	30,279,367	377,596	\$ 38,545,018
ASSETS	Current Assets:	Receivables: Mortgage loans	Accred interest Other	Due from other funds	Net investifien in mantong rease. Deferred bond issuance costs	Total current assets	Assets Held by Trustees Under Revenue Bond Programs: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Mortgage Loans, net of current portion Net Investment in Financing Lease, net of current portion Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, net of current portion	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Ourrent Liabilities: Accrued interest Other accrued expenses Due to other funds Revenue bonds payable	Total current liabilities	Revenue Bonds Payable, net of current portion	Net Assets - Restricted by legislation and contractual agreements Unrestricted	Total net assets	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - NONWAJOR REVENUE BOND FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total	\$ 1,211,921	1,336,899	23,146 9,823 34,232 8 62 81 84 2,137,558 58,353	2,263,347	(926,448)	1,789,378 (1,778,831) (835,240) (7,190) (18,515) 36,952	(813,446)	\$ (1,739,894)
University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund	\$ 771,868	771,868	19,072	19,072	752,796	(835,240) (18,515) 36,952	(815,803)	\$ (64,007)
Multifarnily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	\$ 440,053 124,978	565,031	23,146 9,823 15,160 8 62 81 81 84 2,137,558	2,244,275	(1,679,244)	1,789,378 (1,778,831) (7,190)	3,357	\$ (1,675,887)
	Operating Revenues: Interest on morgages, notes, loans, morgage-backed secunities and net investment in financing lease (note J) Other	Total operating revenues	Operating Expenses: Personal services Administration Professional services Security Insurance Repairs and maintenance Capital expenditures Interest expense Other	Total operating expenses	Operating (10ss) income	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income - cash and investments Net decrease in fair value of investments Interest expense Trustee fees Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs Other revenues	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – NONMAJOR REVENUE BOND FUNDS

Total	\$ 4,312,010	(1,739,894)	\$ 2,572,116
University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund	2,258,527	(64,007)	2,194,520
т Ħ	69		\$
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	\$ 2,053,483	(1,675,887)	\$ 377,596
	Net Assets at July 1, 2005	Change in Net Assets	Net Assets at June 30, 2006

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH PLOWS - NONMAJOR REVENUE BOND FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total	9 A M C	4 (1,249,521 (6,165,000)	(2,112,739) (23,146)	(109,878) (63,195)	144,450	(6,605,376)	(779,558) 6,165,000 (840,029)	4,545,413	(1,404,012) 2,039,679 1,760,442	2,396,109	336,146	381,425	\$ 717,571	\$ 401,779 315,792	\$ 717,571
University of Fawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue Bond Fund			1,249,521	, ,	(19,072) 1,432	31,417	1,263,298	(395,000)	(1,235,029)		,	28,269	373,510	\$ 401,779	\$ 401,779	\$ 401,779
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Fund	0 4 7 7	440,053	(6,165,000)	(2,112,739) (23,146)	(90,806) (64,627)	113,033	(7,868,674)	(384,558)	5,780,442	(1,404,012) 2,039,679 1,760,442	2,396,109	307,877	7,915	\$ 315,792	\$ 315,792	S 315,792
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from borrowers:	Frincipal repayments Interest income	Cash received from net investment in financing lease Cash to borrower	Cash payments for interest Cash payments to employees	Cash payments to suppliers Cash (payments to) receipts from other funds	Other cash receipts	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Principal paid on revenue bond maturities and redemptions Other financing source - new bond issuance Interest paid on revenue bonds	Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financial activities	Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchases of investments Proceeds from maturities of investments Receipts of interest	Net cash provided by investing activities	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005	Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	Reconciliation of Cash to Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash Money market funds	Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR REVENUE BOND FUNDS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

F	LOUAL			\$ (926,448)				(6,130,442)	(69,040)	465,708	31,417	24,819	(7,235)	5,845	\$ (6,605,376)
University of Hawaii Faculty Housing Program Revenue	DONG FUNG			\$ 752,796				ŧ	i	477,653	31,417	1	1	1,432	\$ 1,263,298
Multifamily Housing Revenue	חוות בחוומ			S (1,679,244)				(6,130,442)	(69,040)	(11,945)		24,819	(7,235)	4,413	\$ (7,868,674)
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash (used in)	provided by operating activities:	Operating (loss) income	Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net	cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	Changes in assets and liabilities:	Mortgage loans receivables	Due from other funds	Other receivables	Net investment in lease financing	Accrued interest payable	Other accrued expenses	Due to other funds	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Total	\$ 4,152,000	32,966	166 153	564.689	192,570	804,516	62,431	52,373	92,688	6,120,386	426,100	517,712	325,000	8,506,200	71,096,436	\$ 86.991.834
	Kekumu at Waikoloa Project	125		4 062	1005	,	,	,	,	27,318	31,505	,	1	ı	1,117		32,622
	Kek Wa	49															S
	Kekulani Gardens Project	5,068	,	21 464	20.659	. '	,		•	33,505	969'08		,	•	625,079	4,955,062	5,660,837
	ह्य 	10,717 s		15.868	010	1,189	,			21,079	863	,		,	528	036	427 \$
	Wilkina Apartments Project	\$ 10,		i.	524.010	` -				21,	572,863				5,436,528	5,561,036	s 11,570,427
	Banyan Street Manor Project	23,362	•	,	7.573	191,381	, 1	,	49,516	10,786	282,618	,	•	ı	2,443,476	2,476,786	5,202,880
	Ba St M	v													2	2	. ≎
June 30, 2006	Teacher Housing Revolving Fund	906,293	6,301	38 219	1.500	. '		•	1,150	•	953,463	•	i	20,000	Ē	1,292,359	2,265,822
m m	1	€9															69
	Housing for Elders Revolving Fund	2,437,745	19,416	25 984	1.810	. '	686,933	41,686	1,707	•	3,215,281	,	•	130,000	•	44,002,970	47,348,251
		w															S
	Housing Revolving Fund	768,690	7,249	60 556	9,137		117,583	20,745		•	983,960	426,100	517,712	175,000		12,808,223	s 14,910,995
		↔															S
	ASSETS	Current Assets: Cash	Receivables: Accrued interest	Tenant receivables, less allowance	Other	Due from HUD	Due from other funds	Inventones - materials and supplies, less allowance	Prepaid expenses and other assets	Deposits held in trust	Total current assets	Notes and Loans	Other Receivables	Advances to Other Funds	Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves	Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciaiton	TOTAL ASSETS

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

June 30, 2006

	114,946 649,737 4,227,793 9,712	303,500 131,639 4,852	5,442,179 171,327 6,088,180	64,705,290	8,506,200 2,078,658	75,290,148
Total	s 11 64 4,22	30	5,44 17 6,08	64,70	2,07	75,29 \$ 86,99
Kekumu at Waikoloa Project	\$ 59,623 283,776	27,318	5/0,/17	,	(339,212)	(338,095) S 32,622
Kekuilani Gardens Project	\$ 23,397	33,505	90,341	(710,954)	53,794	(62,081) \$ 5,660,837
Wilkina Apartments Project	s 26,305 10,684 - 9,712	21,079	72,632	5,561,036	5,456,528	11,497,795 11,570,427
Banyan Street Manor Project	\$ 3,766 7,891 65,000	10,773	185,630 171,327 455,603	1,751,656	195,188	4,390,320 \$ 5,202,880
Teacher Housing Revolving Fund	\$ 1,805 8,273 4,312	22,375	36,765	1,292,359	936,698	\$ 2,265,822
Housing for Elders Revolving Fund	\$ 176,284 784,678	155,473	1,116,435	44,002,970	2,228,846	46,231,816 \$ 47,348,251
Housing Revolving Fund	\$ 162,829 3,373,863	32,977	3,569,659	12,808,223	(1,466,887)	11,341,336
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses - other Due to other funds Due to HUD	Security deposits Mortgage payable Deferred income	I oral current labilities Note Payable, net of current portion Mortgage Payable, net of current portion	Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted by legislation and	contractual agreements Unrestricted	Total net assets TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES – NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Total	4,522,123 728,867	5,250,990	1,595,275	2,453,57 <i>2</i> 660,83 <i>2</i>	172,876	111,289	1,857	60,326	1,249,627	1,391,645	15,560	209,229	7,922,088	(2,671,098)	448,743 (164,683)	284,060	(2,387,038)	255,047	(2,131,991)
Kekumu at Waikoloa Project	\$ 337,841 \$ 11,376	349,217	54,208	- 192 604	1	8,529	•	17,651	29,782	73,215	r	(375,989	(26,772)	, 1		(26,772)	•	\$ (26,772) \$
Kekuilani Garden Project	\$ 376,425 219,421	595,846	106,312	161,934 46,469		22,500	745	•	15,493	48,698	•	33,975	436,126	159,720	17,323 (112,712)	(95,389)	64,331		\$ 64,331
Wilkina Apartments Project	\$ 674,399	874,585	214,797	323,260	80,000	1	,	4,926	171,856	94,266	ı	1	997,336	(122,751)	212,789	212,789	90,038		\$ 90,038
Banyan Street Manor Project	\$ 369,320 181,669	550,989		139,/44	17.50		•	11,341	93,747	41,352	•	175,311	531,492	19,497	11,930 (50,969)	(39,039)	(19,542)	66,511	\$ 46,969
Teacher Housing Revolving Fund	\$ 209,414 6,000	215,414	44,691	53,644	24.00	12,648	16	740	68,561	7,498	•	_	217,818	(2,404)	25,765 (281)	25,484	23,080		\$ 23,080
Housing for Elders Revolving Fund	\$ 1,701,486 71,491	1,772,977	337,072	1,386,307	1,397)	18,946	929	16,488	668,783	694,527	15,560	(172)	3,275,562	(1,502,585)	86,473	86,473	(1,416,112)		\$ (1,416,112)
Housing Revolving Fund	\$ 853,238 38,724	891,962	838,195	388,683	94 773	48,666	520	9,180	201,405	432,089		115	2,087,765	(1,195,803)	94,463 (721)	93,742	(1,102,061)	188,536	\$ (913,525)
	Operating Revenues: Rental Other	Total operating revenues	Operating Expenses: Personal services	Depreciation	Administration Drowieson for locas	Professional services	Security	Insurance	Repairs and maintenance	Utilities	Capital expenditures	Other 1	Total operating expenses	Operating (loss) income	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income - cash and investments Interest expense	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(Loss) income before operating transfers	Operating Transfers In	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Housing Revolving Fund	Housing for Elders Revolving Fund	Teacher Housing Revolving	Banyan Street Manor Project	Wilikina Apartments Project	Kekullani Gardens Project	Kekumu at Waikoloa Project	7. 21.21.2
	*		*	302621	335077	333677	100001	LOCAL
Net Assets at July 1, 2005	\$ 12,254,861	\$ 47,647,928	s 2,205,977	\$ 4,343,351	\$ 11,407,757	s (126,412)	\$ (311,323)	\$ 77,422,139
Change in Net Assets	(913,525)	(1,416,112)	23,080	46,969	90,038	64,331	(26,772)	(2,131,991)
Net Assets at June 30, 2006	\$ 11,341,336	\$ 46,231,816	\$ 2,229,057	\$ 4,390,320	\$ 11,497,795	\$ (62,081)	\$ (338,095)	\$ 75,290,148

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

2006
une 30,
ended I
ear

	T Sign	Housing	Teacher	Banyan Streat	Wildian	X Section (1)	Kalmminat	
	Revolving Fund	Ior Elders Revolving Fund	Revolving Fund	Street Manor Project	winsina Apartments Project	Sardens Project	Nekumu at Walkoloa Project	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from renters Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers Cash receipts from other funds Other cash receipts (payments)	\$ 755,834 (838,195) (759,996) 865,267 39,192	\$ 1,696,958 (337,072) (1,532,054) 26,736 72,638	\$ 225,523 (44,691) (125,476) 2,859 14,489	\$ 184,848 - (228,426) 65,000 868	\$ 611,278 (214,797) (368,503) (314,288)	\$ 386,002 (106,312) (157,340) - 200,337	\$ 337,841 (54,208) (294,854)	\$ 4,197,754 (1,595,275) (3,466,149) 959,862 24,612
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	62,072	(72,794)	72,204	22,290	(285,810)	322,687	155	120,804
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Interest paid to Department of Budget and Finance Operating transfers in	(721) 188,536	1 1	(281)				, ,	(1,002)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	187,815		(281)		• .			187,534
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Payments for acquisition of property and equipment Principal payments on mortgage loans Interest payments Other	, , , ,	r , , , ,	1 1 1	(1,498) (91,161) (50,969) 107,561	(281,977)	(193,301) (31,703) (112,712)	, , , ,	(476,776) (122,864) (163,681) 107,561
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		•		(36,067)	(281,977)	(337,716)		(655,760)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Receipts of interest Net decrease (increase) in restricted deposits and funded reserves	48,865	81,844	28,829	11,930	212,789	17,323	(30)	401,580
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	48,865	81,844	28,829	28,504	(856,293)	20,097	(30)	(648,184)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	298,752	9,050	100,752	14,727	(1,424,080)	5,068	125	(909'566)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005	469,938	2,428,695	805,541	8,635	1,434,797	•	•	5,147,606
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	\$ 768,690	\$ 2,437,745	\$ 906,293	\$ 23,362	\$ 10,717	\$ 5,068	\$ 125	\$ 4,152,000

Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total		\$ (2,671,098)		2,453,572	172,876		(165,256)	(533,380)	(14,109)	(189,085)	13,682	12,419	7,315	18,012	18,833	973,971	6,010	14,823	2,219		\$ 120,804
Kekumu at Waikoloa Project		\$ (26,772)		•			ı	•	ı	ı	ŀ		(2,339)	26,927	1	•	,	2,339	,		\$ 155
Kekulani Gardens Project		\$ 159,720		161,934			9,577	(19,084)	٠	1	•	•	2,591	10,540		Ī	,	(2,591)	1		\$ 322,687
Wilikina Apartments Project		\$ (122,751)		323,260	80,000		(73,251)	(516,770)	•	2,296	,	,	117	8,512	2,764		7,911	(117)	2,219		\$ (285,810)
Banyan Street Manor Project		\$ 19,497		139,744	,		406	(7,573)	•	(191,381)	•	13,876	6,946	(29,772)	7,891	000,59	(1,901)	(443)	,		\$ 22,290
Teacher Housing Revolving Fund		\$ (2,404)		53,644	,		14,134	8,489	•	•		250	•	1,805	(8,048)	2,859		1,475	1		\$ 72,204
Housing for Elders Revolving Fund		\$ (1,502,585)		1,386,307	(1,397)		(17,353)	975	4	•	6,693	(1,707)			16,712	26,736	1	12,825	-		\$ (72,794)
Housing Revolving Fund		\$ (1,195,803)		388,683	94,273		(69,769)	583	(14,109)	t	686'9	•			(486)	879,376	•	1,335			\$ 62,072
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Operating (loss) income	Adjustments to reconcule operating (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Depreciation	Provision for (recovery of) losses	Changes in assets and liabilities:	Tenant receivables	Other receivables	Due from other funds	Due from HUD	Inventories	Prepaid expenses and other assets	Deposits held in trust	Accounts payable	Other accrued expenses	Due to other funds	Due to HUD	Security deposits	Deferred income	Net cash provided by (iii)	operating activities

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Total	71,626,320	387,042	2,486,531	156,709	8,134,731	101,007	137,874	868'9	83,047,112	6,380,627 55,254,167	144,681,906
	ø										44
alua	25,709	3,551	1,314			1		,	30,574	13,210	43,784
Waialua	cı sə							ĺ	۳,		4
Hamakua	1	1,551	1,851					,	3,402	1,602	5,004
T	€5										Ç43
Grant-In-Aid Fund	135,275				•		•		135,275		135,275
9	%			1				1			 -
Federal Grant Program Fund	\$ 76,196	•	,	91,481	•	1	ı	1	167,677		\$ 167,677
KPT Resoure Center	371,497	,	1	75,228	•		1	4	446,725	, ,	446,725
" [6.									- 1	جب
Rental Housing Trust Fund	41,810,547	345,320	1,730,731	•	•	•	•		43,886,598	51,411,013	95,297,611
ļ	S										ν.
Disbursing Fund	22,818	•	•	1	6,693,168	101,007	105	1	6,817,098	, .	6,817,098
	44										_د
Housing Finance Revolving Fund	1,972,512	36,620	46,523	1	1,339,851	F			3,395,506	11,288	\$ 109,100 \$ 36,674,481 \$ 4,985,151
	64							1			v.
Rental Assistance Fund	27,211,508	•	705,880	•	•	r	137,769		28,055,157	6,369,339	36,674,481
	49										٩٠
Fee Simple Residential Revolving Fund	258	,	232	,	101,712		1	868'9	109,100	, ,	109,100
Fee S Resid Revo	٠,								V		~
ASSETS	Ourent Assets: Cash Receivables:	Mortgage loans	Accrued interest	Other	Due from other funds	Inventories - materials and supplies	Prepaid expenses and other assets	Deposits held in trust	Total current assets	Investments Mortgage Loans, net of current portion	TOTAL ASSETS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

alua Total	. \$ 740,216	- 276,504 28,548 7,307,606		28,548 8,823,767	15,236 135,858,139	15,236 135,858,139	
a Waialua	4 ∻				- 1		
Hamakua	· •>	16,811	. ' '	16,811	(11,807)	(11,807)	
Grant-In-Aid Fund	, 69			,	135,275	135,275	!
Federal Grant Program Fund		167,677		157,677	,		
KPT Resource Center	\$ 10,126	37,901 48,577	•	96,604	350,121	350,121	
Rental Housing Trust Fund	, *^	2,706 10,351		13,057	95,284,554	95,284,554	
Disbursing Fund	\$ 725,413	57,448 5,885,286	25,000	6,693,147	123,951	123,951	
Housing Finance Revolving Fund	\$ 825	125,506 1,147,969	467,543	1,741,843	3,243,308	3,243,308	
Rental Assistance Fund		24,455 319		24,774	36,649,707	36,649,707	
Fee Simple Residential Revolving Fund	\$ 3,852	28,488 2,068	868'9	41,306	67,794	67,794	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Curent Liabilities: Accounts payable	Accrued expenses - other Due to other funds	Due to State of Hawaii Security deposits	Total current liabilities	Net Assets - Unrestricted	Total net assets	TOTAL LIABILITIES

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Fee Sinple Residential Revolving Fund	Rental Assistance Fund	Housing Finance Revolving Fund	Disbursing Fund	Rental Housing Trust Fund	KPT Resourte Center	Federal Grant Program Fund	Gran-Ir-Aid Fund	Harrakua	Wzielua	Total
Operating Revenues: Interest on mortgages, notes, loans, mortgage backed		\$ 144.620	27.70		88 88 80 80 80 80 80				045	610	1.315.651
securities, and her linescaled; taritationing rease (note j). Conveyance tax	7	7.75			16						16,993,834
Other	42,389	19,065	1,259,965		300	436,614	2,720,578	,	33		4,478,946
Total operating revenues	42,389	163,695	1,343,684		17,878,686	436,614	2,720,578		175	610	22,586,431
Operating Expenses:							6				6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Project	- 072.00	113 400	1 453 634		94.748	757 047	77.855				1,990,458
Lesoura secreta nos coltinants	00.77	1 477 471	*LOSCOLS		2 '		1	,	,	,	1,677,471
Administration	12.697	15,025	254,198		24,358	42,678	10,802				359,758
Professional services	7,484	15,902	63,227	•	34,433		9,052		3,611	3,982	137,691
Security	14	38	64	,					٠		116
Insurance	321	247	5,992		244						6,804
Repairs and maintenance	134	597	619		11	50,817		,			52,178
Capital expenditures	10	92	665,6		705						066,9
Other			3,750	-		147,498	-	,		-	151,248
Toul operaing expenses	113,428	1,822,855	1,787,090		154,499	398,940	2,720,578		3,611	3,582	7,004,983
Operating (loss) inconve	(71,039)	(1,659,160)	(443,406)		17,724,187	37,674			(3,436)	(3,372)	15,581,448
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Transmer income, and intermediate	6 9 11	2000 444	F 600		1 500 t		,	708		,	0 5 5 5 5 5 5
There decrease in fair value of investments	OC -	(749,817)	(410)		1,404,44	9		· .			(750,227)
Interest expense	(91)	(10,310)	(1,064)			,					(11,390)
Total nonoperating revenues	1,734	630,315	72,824	•	1,102,551	190		708			1,808,322
(Loss) inconse before operating uansfers	(50£69)	(1,028,845)	(370,582)	٠	18,826,738	37,864	•	708	(3,436)	(3,372)	17,389,770
Operating Transfers Out				-					(5,034)	1	(5,034)
CHANGE INNET ASSETS	\$ (69,305)	\$ (1,028,845)	\$ (370,582)	မဂ	\$ 18,826,738	\$ 37,864	***	\$ 708	\$ (8,470)	\$ (3,372)	\$ 17,384,736

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2006

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	i		Housing		Rental	i i	Federal				
	ree sumple Revolving	Kentai Assistance	Finance Revolving	Disbursing	Housing Trust	Nr1 Resource	Grant Program	Grant-In-Aid			
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Center	Fund	Fund	Hamakua	Waialua	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from bormwers:											
Principal repayments	«	6/1	338	va	3.679.199	V	64	, u	5.035	3.118	169 289 £ \$
Interest income		206,594	176,708					,			
Cash received from renters	,	. 1		ı		406,944	t		· i ·		406,944
Cash received for conveyance taxes	,		4	,	16,993,834	, 1	1		1	٠	16,993,834
Cash payments for loan originations	1	i	i	i	(5,444,471)			٠	•		(5,444,471)
Cash payments to employees	(92,768)	(113,499)	(1,453,641)	•	(28,857)	(157,947)	(77,855)	•	1		(1,964,667)
Cash payments to suppliers	(16,488)	(1,729,302)	(329,357)	758,583	(89,400)	(267,414)	(2,642,723)		(3,611)	(609)	(4,320,321)
Cash (payments to) receipts from other funds	(2097)	(3,514)	28,279	(1,652,217)	7,777	3,577	159,067		3,435	, '	(1,454,356)
Other cash receipts	42,389	19,065	1,259,965	'	300		2,637,707	1	•		3,959,426
Net cash (used in) provided by											
operating activities	(67,627)	(1,620,656)	(317,708)	(893,634)	15,579,745	(14,840)	76,196		5,034	3,119	12,749,629
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:											
Cash received from borrower Interest paid to the Department of Budget	•	3,250,002	1		ı	1		J.	ı	ı	3,250,002
and Finance	(16)	(10,510)	(1,064)	1	ı	1	•	ı	٠		(11,390)
Operating transfers out			1		•			,	(5,034)		(5,034)
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital financing activities	(16)	3,239,692	(1,064)		,		1		(5,034)	,	3,23,578
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:											
Proceeds from matunities of investments			1,723	ı	1				ı	1	1,723
Keceipts of interest	9,794	1,390,442	74,298	1	1,048,742	190	,	708			2,524,174
Ner cash provided by	3		1			;		i			
nvesting activities	9,794	1,390,442	76,021		1,048,742	190		708			2,525,897
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENIS	(57,849)	3,009,478	(242,751)	(893,634)	16,628,487	(14,650)	76,196	208		3,119	18,509,104
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005	58,107	24,202,030	2,215,263	916,452	25,182,060	386,147	,	134,567		22,590	53,117,216
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	\$ 258	\$ 27,211,508	\$ 1,972,512	\$ 22,818	\$ 41,810,547	\$ 371,497	\$ 76,196	\$ 135,275	s	\$ 25,709	\$ 71,626,320

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR MISCELLANEOUS ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2006

Total	\$ 2	18 (1,678,966)	(311,007)	(891,295)	(6,742)	448,521	12,231 (561,945) (77,815)	-
Waiaha	449	3,118			, ,	1	- 3,3,73	6 7
Harrakua	\$ (3,436)	5,035	1 6		1 1	•	3,435	7 50 31
Grant In-Aid Fund			r 1		1 1	•		U
Federal Grant Program Fund	, w		(82,871)	F I	• 1	•	159,067	701 72
KPT Resource Center	5 37,674		. (29,670)				(124,82) 773,E	(14.940)
Rental Housing Trust Fund	\$ 17,724,187	(1,765,272)	(383,089)		• 1	(020 1/	7777	2. 2. 2. 2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.
Disbursing Fund			1 4	(1,659,577) 2,257	(6,742) 263,264	450,119	5,103	(4E2 F98)
Housing Finance Revolving Fund	\$ (903,406) \$	78,153	92,989	769,657		61 6	(741,378) (77,815)	\$ (802212) \$
Rental Assistance Fund	(1,659,160)		61,964	1 1	- (652)	(40.004)	(9,514)	
Fee Simple Residential Revolving Fund	\$ (71,039) \$			(1,375)		(1,600)	615	\$ (7,676) \$ (1,60,654)
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Reconcillation of operating (loss) incorre to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Operating (loss) incorre Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) incorre to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	Changes in assets and liabilities: Morgage loans roceivables Notes and loans receivables Accrued interest receivable on	morgages, notes and loans Other receivables	Due from other funds Due from State of Hawaii	Inventones Prepaid expenses and other assets	Accounts payable (Ther arrand expenses	Due to other funds Security deposits	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

ASSETS	E	quipment rental		Vehicle rental	 Total
Current Assets: Cash Accrued interest receivable	\$	72 0 ,977 6,111	\$	409,215 3,396	\$ 1,130,192 9,507
Total current assets		727,088		412,611	1,139,699
Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation		20,816	·····	161,062	 181,878
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	747,904	\$	573,673	\$ 1,321,577
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
Gurrent Liability - Due to other funds	\$	57,604	\$	1,909	\$ 59,513
Total liabilities		57,6 0 4		1,909	59,513
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		20,816 669,484		161,062 410,702	 181,878 1,080,186
Total net assets		690,300		571,764	 1,262,064
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	747,904	\$	573,673	\$ 1,321,577

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	* *	oment ntal	Vehicl rental			Total
Operating Revenue - Rental	\$	4,969	36,5	574	\$	41,543
Total operating revenues		4,969	36,5	574		41,543
Operating Expenses: Depreciation Professional services Capital expenditures		4,438 5,703 76,154	•	191 516 000	NO NATIONAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	36,929 12,219 79,154
Total operating expenses		86,295	42,0	007		128,302
Operating loss	(81,326)	(5,4	1 33)		(86,759)
Nonoperating Revenue - Interest income - cash and investments		26,937	16,7	736		43,673
Total nonoperating revenue	- A	26,937	16,7	736		43,673
Change in net assets	(54,389)	11,3	303		(43,086)
Net Assets at July 1, 2005	7.	14,689	560,4	<u> 161</u> _		1,305,150
Net Assets at June 30, 2006	\$ 6	90,300	571,7	⁷ 64 =	\$	1,262,064

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	E.	quipment rental	 Vehicle rental	 Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from renters Cash payments to suppliers	\$	4,969 (24,978)	\$ 36,574 (8,143)	\$ 41,543 (33,121)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(20,009)	 28,431	 8,422
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activity - Payments for acquistion of property and equipment		(5,968)	 (146,030)	 (151,998)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(5,968)	 (146,030)	 (151,998)
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activity- Receipts of interest		24,367	 15,955	 40,322
Net cash provided by investing activities		24,367	 15,955	 40,322
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,610)	(101,644)	(103,254)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2005	****	722,587	510,859	 1,233,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2006	\$	720,977	\$ 409,215	\$ 1,130,192
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities -	\$	(81,326) 4,438	\$ (5,433) 32,491	\$ (86,759) 36,929
Accounts payable	********	56,879	1,373	 58,252
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(20,009)	\$ 28,431	\$ 8,422

RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

June 30, 2006

The Corporation's cash and short-term investments consists of the following as of June 30, 2006:

Equity in State Treasury investment pool - Gov't Wide	\$ 170,332,724
Equity in State Treasury investment pool - Fiduciary Funds	288,364
Cash in banks	17,189,884
Cash held by trustees	2,956,113
Money market funds	31,361,595
Deposits held in trust	 99,586
	\$ 222,228,266

Total cash and short-term investments are in agreement with the State Comptroller's central accounting records as of June 30, 2006, as reconciled below:

	Appropriation symbol	 June 30, 2006
Cash in State Treasury		
General Fund	G-03-022-K	\$ 4,050
	G-04-020-K	585
	G-04-022-K	88,568
	G-05-020-K	19,860
	G-05-022-K	124,454
	G-06-020-K	649,459
	G-06-022-K	5,318,006
Bond Funds	B-97-479-K	28,179
	B-97-481-K	11,470
	B-00-404-K	22,542
	B-00-405-K	6,191
	B-01-411-K	50,651
	B-01-415-K	500
	B-02-431-K	17,064
	B-02-434-K	24,589
	B-02-435-K	11,722
	B-04-409-K	44,611
	B-04-410-K	1,700,000
	B-04-412-K	23,276
	B-04-413-K	2,460
	B-04-414-K	90,000
	B-04-415-K	34,172
	B-04-416-K	900,000
	B-04-419-K	250,000
	B-04-420-K	280,000
	B-05-412-K	300,000
	B-05-413-K	1,700,000
	B-05-417-K	50,000
	B-05-418-K	13,201
Subtotal carried forward		\$ 11,765,610

RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Appropriation symbol	June 30, 2006
Subtotal brought forward		\$ 11,765,610
Special Funds	S-97-801-K	10,889
	S-97-803-K	26,991
	S-00-308-K	8,790
	S-02-308-K	1,062
	S-02-800-K	247,337
	S-03-308-K	1,088
	S-04-310-K	112,367
	S-04-330-K	22,500
	S-04-337-K	125,590
	S-05-308-K	6,800
	S-05-330-K	59,280
	S-05-337-K	21,794
	S-05-375-K	351,522
	S-06-210-K	391,209
	S-06-214-K	76,197
	S-06-308-K	121,968
	S-06-310-K	18,339
	S-06-319-K	25,709
	S-06-320-K	115,096
	S-06-322-K	196,394
	S-06-324-K	23
	S-06-330-K	686,980
	S-06-332-K	265,345
	S-06-334-K	777,366
	S-06-335-K	409,215
	S-06-336-K	720,977
	S-06-337-K	2,148,795
	S-06-374-K	235
	S-06-375-K	80,259,192
	S-06-376-K	1,781,904
	S-06-377-K	401, <i>77</i> 9
	S-06-378-K	27,211,508
Trust Funds	T-06-913-K	24,225
	T-06-927-K	3,143
	T-06-930-K	41,810,548
Subtotal carried forward		\$ 170,207,767

RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Appropriation symbol	June 30, 2006
Subtotal brought forward		\$ 170,207,767
Total cash held in State Treasury as reported by State Comptroller's accounting records carried forward		170,207,767
Reconciling items:		
Journal vouchers not recorded by DAGS Journal vouchers not recorded on books Summary warrant vouchers not recorded by DAGS Summary warrant vouchers not recorded on books Lapsed funds Other Cash and short-term investments held outside State Treasury:		(195) 159,593 (29,443) 284,325 (1,779) 820 413,321
Cash in bank		17,189,884
Cash held by trustees		2,956,113
Money market funds		31,361,595
Deposits held in trust		99,586
		51,607,178
Cash and short-term investments on statement of net assets		\$ 222,228,266